The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,846—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 16
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

To Subscribers—Up-country.

In Advance. †		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	„ 29	Half-yearly	„ 36
Quarterly	„ 16	Quarterly	„ 20
Monthly	„ 6	Monthly	„ 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Re. 1.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MALDA 1,945 Tons, on THURSDAY, 17th June, 1880, at 3 P. M., calling at Carwar Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry Madras, Cocanada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order weather permitting.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. "SOCOTRA," 1947 Tons, on TUESDAY, 15th June, at 4 p m, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao and Basrah, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on SATURDAY, 12th June, 1880, at 10 a.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Bombay, 16thJune 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, and on the 1st of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Including Wine
Suez	„ 360	„ 220	„ 80	
Port Said	„ 380	„ 240	„ 90	
Messina	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Naples	„ 500	„ 34	„ 140	
Leghorn	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Genoa	„ 520	„ 350	„ 140	
Marseilles	„ 520	„ 350	„ 145	Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st July, 1880.
MALTA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st August 1880.
INDIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st September, 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

F. MURAGLIA,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Joint Acting Agents, Rubattino S. N. Company.
No. 3, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

THE Co.'s new Passenger Steamer CASTORE, Captain H. MAHORCICH, will be despatched as above on or about the 20th June, 1880.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	295	142 0
To Port Said	350	255	131 0
To Suez	300	240	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, apply to

G. MARINITSCH,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. April 27 1880.

BOMBAY TO GENOA AND MARSEILLES.

MESSRS. PAPAYANNI and Co.'s Steamer AGIA SOPIA, J. W. Beggs, Commander, 3,600 Tons, 800 H. P. nominal, will be despatched as above about 10th June.

She has very comfortable accommodation for about twenty Saloon Passengers. Surgeon and Stewardess carried. FARE Rs. 400. Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co, Agents.

Bombay, 29th May 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL. VIA MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
RYDAL HALL	2700	400	O. Lloyd	about 18th June.
WISTOW HALL	2700	400	T. Collin	„ 5th July.
SPEKE HALL	2700	400	W. Brand	„ 21st July
BRANKSOME HALL	2100	700	R. Collin	„ 6th Aug.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	2300	300	J. Verril	„ 21st Aug
TRENTHAM HALL	2100	300	Jas Shaw	„ 5th Sept.

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, handbooks of information and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co. } Agents.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co. }

Bombay, 6th June 1880.

ANCHOR LINE

TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN AND STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE.

THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay :—

TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Commanders.	Tons.	H. P.	Nominal.
S. S. BRITANNIA	R Hutchison	3060	400	30th June.
S. S. OLYMPIA	J. Craig	2050	424	14th July.
S. S. HISPANIA		3300	400	28th July.
S. S MACEDONIA	James Laird	2272	486	To follow.
S. S. ITALIA	Thos. S. Knox.	2215	424	To follow.

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.

Each steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to New York ..... Rs. 600
„ „ „ Liverpool ..... „ 500
„ „ „ Marseilles and Genoa ..... „ 450
„ „ „ Naples ..... „ 400

For plans, handbooks of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service either from Greenock or from London.

There are weekly sailings from either place.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MARINE BRANCH.
MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
(No. 6.)
MALABAR COAST.
CANNANORE.

ALTERATION OF ELEVATION OF RED LIGHT.

THE PORT OFFICER, MADRAS, has notified that the RED LIGHT hitherto exhibited from the flagstaff will, after the 15th June, 1880, be SHOWN from a STONE STRUCTURE erected on the RAMPARTS of the FORT, near the flagstaff.

The light (fixed red) will be elevated 64 feet above the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of six miles.

By Direction of the Government of India,
A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

Marine Survey Department, Calcutta, 26th May 1880.

This Notice affects the following :—

British Admiralty Charts, Nos. 747, 2737, 627, and 748.
„ „ Light list for 1880.
„ „ West Coast of Hindoostan Pilot, page 88.
Indian Marine Survey Chart No. 15a.
„ „ Light List for 1880.
„ „ Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 403.

If this Notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council,
M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Lieut.-Col.,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Marine Department.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
NIZAM	2125	450	G. W. Brady	12th June
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	19th do.
INDUS	3462	600	S. D. Shallard	26th do.
TEHERAN	2529	400	E. Stewart	3rd July.
NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	10th do.
SURAT	3141	530	W. B. Breese	17th do.
KHEDIVE	3860	600	P. S Tomlin	24th do.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	31st do.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
RAVENNA	3500	600	A. Coleman	18th June

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
HYDASPES	2284	500	R. Harvey	18th June.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p. m, on the day of sailing.

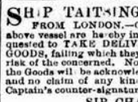
For Passage &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 31st May 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.



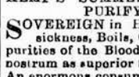
SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED,

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 24th March 1880.

ASIATIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO MADRAS, CALCUTTA, MOULMEIN, AND RANGOON.



THE S. S. MAHARANI will be despatched for above ports on the 16th instant. For freight and passage, &c. apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 9th June 1880.

SHIP TAITSING, CAPTAIN CHAPMAN, FROM LONDON.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above vessel are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL and are requested to TAKE DELIVERY AT ONCE of their respective GOODS, failing which they will be landed at the expense and risk of the consignees. No responsibility for the condition of the Goods will be acknowledged after they leave the ship's side, and no claim of any kind will be paid without bearing the Captain's counter-signature.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents Ship Taitsing.

Bombay, 8th June 1880.

SEASONABLE.

KEMP'S SUMMER EFFERVESCENT AND PURIFYING SALINE.

SOVEREIGN in Headache, Biliousness, Seasickness, Boils, Gastric Disorders, and Impurities of the Blood. To regard any imported nostrum as superior to it is an utter delusion. An enormous consumption extending daily, and an experience exceeding twenty-five years, prove its medicinal excellence. Good condition always guaranteed.

Per bottle Re. 1-4. Per dozen Rs. 12.

A DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

UNSWEETENED GIN.

Treacher's Special Importation.

A SAFE and WHOLESOME STIMULANT, eminently suited for Indian consumption.

Per case of 1 dozen, cash Rs. 18.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LADIES' HOSIERY.

WE beg to call special attention to the following SPECIALITIES just received:—

LADIES' SPUN SILK HOSE.

per pair.

Cardinal, Pink, Sky, Navy Blue, or Black Rs. 5-8 to 6-0

LADIES' PURE ITALIAN SILK HOSE.

per pair.

Black	Rs.	9-0 to 12-0
Navy Blue	„	10-0 to 11-8
Cardinal, Pink, or Sky Blue	„	10-8 to 11-8

LADIES' LISLE THREAD HOSE.

per pair.

Striped	Rs.	2-8
Black	„	3 0 to 3-8
Ivory (Lace Fronts)	„	4-0
Navy, Pink, or Sky Blue	„	4-8
White	„	2-8 to 4-8

LADIES' COTTON HOSE.

per pair.

Plain Black Balbriggan	Rs.	3-0
Plain Navy Embroidered Clocks	Rs.	3-0 to 3-8
Ribbed Black, Chocolate or Navy	„	3-0 to 3-8

LADIES' CASHMERE HOSE.

per pair.

Ribbed Striped	Rs.	3-0
Ribbed Black or Chocolate	„	3-4 to 3-12
Ribbed Navy or Cardinal	„	4-8
Ribbed Grey Merino	„	2-0 to 2-12

CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOSE.

per pair.

Ribbed Navy, Black or Cardinal	Rs.	2-4 to 3-4
Ribbed Scarlet	„	2-8 to 3-8

CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE.

per pair.

Ribbed Black, Navy or Chocolate	Rs.	2-8 to 3-8
Plain Navy	„	2-8 to 3-8

CHILDREN'S SOCKS.

per dozen.

Plain White Cotton	Rs.	4-8 to 16
Plain White Thread	„	18 to 24
Lace White Thread	„	19 to 24

Cash discount 1½ annas in the Rupee.

In ordering please state size, or send a sample stocking, as the price varies according to the size, and in quoting prices we have stated the smallest to the largest in each quality.

WATSON & COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

URBS PRIMA IN INDIS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

DAVE CARSON .....LESSEE.
JOSEPH ARTHUR.....STAGE MANAGER.
J. B. FERRELL .....ACTING MANAGER.

THIS EVENING,
FRIDAY, JUNE 11TH, 1880.
LAST NIGHT BUT THREE
OF
DAVE CARSON'S
UNRIVALLED VARIETY
AND
NOVELTY COMBINATION
IN ANOTHER
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!!!

DAVE CARSON
will appear
IN TWO OF HIS GREAT SPECIALITIES,

PROGRAMME.
MADAME CARSON WILL PRESIDE AT THE PIANOFORTE.
AT 8-55 P.M.

OVERTURE .....ORCHESTRA.

AT 9 O'CLOCK P.M.
MESSRS. J. DEVONO AND J. B. FERRELL
WILL INTRODUCE
DAVE CARSON'S LIVING MARIONETTES, OR LILIPUTIAN COMEDIANS.

SONG .....SALECYRD.
MR. H. OAKLEY.

MISS LILLY HEDDERWICK
In a Song and Dance, entitled
THE FLOWERS BLUSH AND BLOOM.

MR. J. B. FERRELL
In an Original Version of
THE MISLETOE BOUGH.

DER DEUTSCHE GESANGVEREINWALLAH, DAVE CARSON.

To be followed by the Screaming Farce,
YOU DON'T SAY SO ?
CHARACTERS.

Yes Don't.....Mr. J. Arthur.
Say So.....Mr. J. Devono.

AN INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

MR. H. OAKLEY
Will Sing the Beautiful and Pathetic Ballad, entitled
PASSING AWAY.

To be followed by
DAVE CARSON AT HOME,
When he will introduce his Famous Descriptive and Original Anglo-Indian Song,
THE DAK GHARRIE;
OR
INDIA TWENTY YEARS AGO.
OR
MR. JOSEPH ARTHUR
In his Unique Entertainment,
THE FLAGS WE LOVE TO SEE.

AN INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

The Entertainment to conclude with the Comic Sketch, entitled
WHO DIED FIRST?

Mr. Smith } (a charitable couple) ..... { Mr. H. Oakley.
Mrs. Smith } { Miss Lilly Hedderwick
Mr. Jones.....Mr. J. B. Ferrell.
Mrs. Jones.....Mr. J. Devono.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Stage Box to admit 8	Rs. 24
Private Box to admit 4	„ 12
Orchestra Stall	„ 3
Stall	„ 2
Pit	„ 1
Back Seat	As. 8

Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co's.

Doors open at 8-15. Performance begins at 9.
Carriages may be ordered at 11-15.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12TH, 1880,
GRAND FAREWELL BENEFIT
TO
MRS. O'BROON.
Under the distinguished and immediate patronage of
MAJOR GENERAL HEWEIT
AND
THE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS
OF THE
BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Offenbach's Charming Opera Bouffe,
GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT.

Caricature Photographs of "DAVE CARSON AT HOME," by Bousseton, 5½, Rue St Lazare, Paris, may be had of the Doorkeepers and Ushers. Price 8 Annas, each.

ANCHOR LINE.

S. S. INDIA

WILL leave the PRINCE'S DOCK at 9 o'clock PUNCTUALLY on SATURDAY.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents

Bombay, 11th June 1880.

CORRESPONDENT WANTED.

FOR the "MADRAS WEEKLY REVIEW" a CORRESPONDENT to send ONE LETTER or REVIEW on the week's (general) news in Calcutta, copy to reach Madras not later than Thursday in every week. Address at once with terms, &c., to C. A., CLARENDON HOTEL, MADRAS.

RAIN GAUGES.

HOWARD'S Complete in Japanned Tins. Rs. 9
Do do In Copper..... „ 12

B. S. MADON & CO.,
12, MEADOW STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

PATENT ARM AND PLATFORM LOCK-STITCH DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.

THE above machine has been pronounced to be the best Hand Lock-Stitch Machine yet produced.

The following articles are given with each Machine :—

Four Shuttle Bobbins	Thread Rook
Six Needles	Braider in the Foot
Hammer Double	Tucking or Seaming Gauge
One Quilter	One Oiler
One Self Sewer	One Braiding Wire
Oil Can	Spool of Cotton
Screw Driver	Bobbin Winder
Instruction Book	Travelling Case

PRICE RUPEES FIFTY.

SOLE AGENTS,
THACKER AND Co., Ld.

RE EDULJEE BHIMJEEBHOY BHESANIA, DECEASED.

PURSUANT to Act No. X. of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India, intituled "The Indian Succession Act 1865," and to Act N. XVIII. of the Legislative Council of India, intituled "The Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers Act 1866." NOTICE is hereby given, that ALL PERSONS having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS upon or against the ESTATE of the abovenamed EDULJEE BHIMJEE HOY BHESANIA, deceased, who died at Bombay on the 29th day of November, 1879, and LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION to whose PROPERTY and CREDITS were, on or about the 8th day of June, 1880, GRANTED by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to GOOLBAI, widow of the said deceased, are hereby required to SEND in the PARTICULARS of their DEBTS or CLAIMS IN WRITING to the Administratrix on or before the 10th day of July next at her residence, No 27, Purshotum Chimnajee Street. ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the Estate of the said deceased, or having PROPERTY of the said deceased in their hands, are hereby required to PAY their DEBTS or hand over such property to the said Administratrix.

Dated this 9th day of June 1880.

The Mark O of GOOLBAI,
Widow and Administratrix of Eduljee Bhimjeebhoy Bhesania, deceased.

HARRIS AND LAWRENCE,

OCULISTS' OPTICIANS,

20, RAMPART ROW,

BOMBAY,

REGISTERED Proprietors of the "LUCULENT" and BIFOCAL SPECTACLES.

For the convenience of those who are unable to visit us we have published a copyrighted system of "Test Types" for self-fitting, which we will forward free on application.

BRANDIES.

	Cash. Rs. a.
TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC (The celebrated Heart Labelled Brandy), pure, soft, and delicate.....per dozen	30 0
TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC, a Choice Matured Spirit..... „	27 0
TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC, a sound wholesome spirit „	23 0

These well-known Spirits, unequalled for purity and softness, find an increasing sale throughout India.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY AND OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

PLAIN WHITE or BROWN COTTON SOCKS.....from Rs.	5 8 per ½ doz
FANCY STRIPED COTTON SOCKS, a large variety of Patterns.....from	6 0 „
LISLE THREAD SOCKS, in Plain White or Stripes, made from Fine Linen, the coolest Socks made .....from Rs.	8 0 „
MERINO SOCKS, in Plain Colours or Stripes, in thin or stout Qualities, a large Assortment of Patterns .....from Rs.	8 8 „
THE BEST PURE SILK SOCKS, in Black, Dark Blue, Cardinal, and Fancy Stripes for Evening Wear	10 8 per pair.
STOUT HAND-KNIT SOCKS and STOCKINGS for Shooting .....from	2 8 „
FINE GAUZE MERINO UNDER-VESTS, very thin and cool.....from	2 8 each.
FINE ZEPHYR MERINO VESTS, made especially for hot weather Wear—	
Size Round Chest .....inches	40, 38, 36, 34, 32
Price.....Rs.	7, 6 8, 6, 5 8, 5 0 each.
FINE SILK and WOOL VESTS, very thin and absorbent, beautiful Wear, and the most comfortable Vest for hot weather—	
Size Round Chest.....inches	40, 38, 36, 34, 32
Price .....Rs.	9, 8 8, 8, 7 8, 7 0 each.
We have a very large assortment in thin Under-Vests in all the newest and best makes, to which we would call special attention.	
FINE GAUZE MERINO PANTS, very thin.....from	2 8 per pair.
We also have a large assortment of all stout makes of Hosiery.	
GENTLEMEN'S WHITE SHIRTS without Collars, washed and ready for use, Fine Linen Fronts and Cuffs, and strong Longcloth Bodies .....Rs. 25, 32 8, 37-8, and	42 8 per ½ doz.
WHITE SHIRTS with Shakespeare Collars attached, fine Linen Fronts, Collars, and Cuffs ready for use .....Rs.	36 0 per ½ doz.
COLOURED SHIRTS with Shakespeare Collars attached, a large Assortment of Patterns in Oxford, Zephyr, and French Printed Cloths, washed ready for use.....	36 0 per ½ doz.
FINE WHITE LINEN COLLARS, best English make. In all the latest styles and fashions.....	7 8 per doz.
GENTLEMEN'S COLOURED SILK WINDSOR TIES, in all the newest colours	2 8 each.
SAILOR'S KNOT TIES in Plain Colours and new Fancy Patterns .....Rs. 2 &	2 8 each.
BEST EXTRA LONG OTTOMAN COLOURED SILK SCARVES, reversible for tying in the Sailor's Knot	5 8 „
WASHING SILK and DRILL SCARVES and TIES.	
BLACK SCARVES and TIES, all shapes, always kept in stock.	
BRACES !! The French Brace very light and strong	2 8 per pair.
VERY STRONG RUBBER BRACES, all styles and patterns .....from	2 8 „
GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS and SHOES, best English made, in Plain Calf and Patent Leather	
The NEW EVENING SHOES or DANCING PUMPS for Wearing with Silk Socks, very low	14 0 „
OVERLAND TRUNKS!! Best Black Canvas, bound with Strong Leather, Iron Frame, all Sizes in stock—	
Length .....inches	36, 33, 30, 27
Price .....Rs.	36, 33, 30, 27 0 each.
BEST SOLID LEATHER OVERLAND PORTMANTEAUS, Solid Leather, the most durable Trunk made will stand any amount of rough wear.....from	60 0 each.
SOLID LEATHER and BLACK CANVAS RAILWAY PORTMANTEAUS, will go beneath a Railway Seat .....from	27 8 „
BEST BROWN LEATHER GLADSTONE BAGS, with Patent Slides on Top, the most convenient Bag made, and very strong.....from	35 0
BLACK LEATHER SMALL HAND BAGS, very convenient.....from	10 8 each.
BROWN CANVAS and BLACK LEATHER COURIER BAGS, with Patent Spring Lock, Strap all round, in all sizes .....from	9 8 each.
AIR-TIGHT TIN UNIFORM CASES, also large Cases for Ladies' Dresses, &c.....from	21 0 „
LIGHT FOLDING DECK CHAIRS, in a variety of Styles.....from	4 8 „
LIGHT FOLDING WOOD or IRON COTS, TABLES, CHAIRS; also Canteens and Cooking Apparatus for Tent Use and Officers going to the Front.	
RUGS, BLANKETS, MAUDS, REZAIS, and STRAPS	
DESPATCH BOXES AND WRITING CASES, HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES, &c., &c.	

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

WATSON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER SMITHS AND OPTICIANS.

A SPLENDID STOCK in hand of the following Goods :—

Gentlemen's Gold Watches, Crystal, Half Hunting and Hunting Keyless Levers, full Jewelled, Chronometer balance, suitable for presentation.

Minute and Quarter Repeaters, Chronographs Independent Centre Seconds, Perpetual Calendars, Clock Watches, &c., of high class finish.

Ladies' Gold Watches Keyless Open Face, Half Hunting and Hunting, with beautifully engraved cases. Gentlemen's Silver Hunting and Open-faced Levers, in every style, an immense stock to select from. Ladies' Silver Watches in every new style. Keyless German Silver Railway, Shikar, and Campaign Watches.

An assortment of fine London finished Jewellery, consisting of Brooches, Earrings, Lockets, Necklets, Bracelets, &c. &c.

Optical Goods by A. Menist, of London and Amsterdam, for whom we are Sole Agents in the Bombay Presidency.

None but skilled European workmen are employed in the Repairing Department.

Catalogues and Menist's pamphlet free on application. Goods can be sent by Value Payable Post.

2, Hummum Street, Bombay. 1, East Street, Poona.

SHIRTS AND SLEEPING SUITS FOR WEAR DURING THE MONSOON.

MESSRS. ASQUITH and LORD'S Stock of materials for the above consists of the very best Woven Flannels, Silk and Wool and Oxford Cloths, which can be confidently recommended to Gentlemen requiring comfort and durability. The Silk and Wool (their own special make) is a splendid material, it does not irritate the most sensitive skin, it is very strong, absorbent and quite shrinkless.

CASH PRICE LIST.

Oxford Cloth Shirts, the Original and Best	six for	36 0
Do. Sleeping Suits	each	10 0
The very best Wove Flannel Shirts	six for	52 0
Do. do. Sleeping Suits	each	18 0
The Special Silk and Wool Shirts	six for	52 0
Do. do. Sleeping Suits	each	18 0

The Prices for our celebrated correct fitting and comfortable Shirts remain the same.

OUR NEW CATALOGUE AND OUR OLD AND SIMPLE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF MEASUREMENT TOGETHER WITH PATTERNS FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

THE TRAVELLERS' AND OVERLAND KIT WAREHOUSE,
8, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND EVENING CONCERT.

HERR BITTERSMANN
Begs to announce that he intends giving a series of
GRAND EVENING CONCERTS
AT
TEMPLE BAR
EVERY EVENING.

The whole of the following Artistes will appear each evening in a choice Repertoire of
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

Herr Carlo Bittersmann ..... Viola.
„ Florian Isee ..... C. Basso.
„ Anton Hilbert ..... Clarionet.
„ Wilhelm Hughes ..... V. Cello.
„ Edmund Bittersmann ..... 1st Violin.
„ Carlo Bittersmann ..... Flute.
Miss Anna Bittersmann ..... 2nd Violin.
„ Marie Chaures ..... 1st soprano.
„ Christine Zebisch ..... Drum.
„ Fanni Prischak ..... 2nd Violin.
„ Bertha Isee ..... 2d in Drum.
„ Thereia Dick ..... Solo Violin.
„ Anna Bittersmann ..... Do.

MUSICAL DIRECTOR,
CARLO BITTERSMANN.

A change of Programme each evening.

Concert to commence at 9 o'clock.

Admission by Refreshment Tickets, Re. 1.

MADRAS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 2, Nesbit Lane, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 21st day of June, 1880, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon, for the following purposes :—

I. That the Madras Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily under the Provisions of the Indian Company's Act X. of 1866.

II. To appoint Liquidators and to fix their remuneration.

III. That the Liquidators be and they are hereby authorised and empowered to sell, assign, transfer and make over unto a certain Limited Joint Company intended shortly to be formed and registered in Bombay under the Provisions of the Indian Company's Act of 1866 for the purpose of carrying on the business of Spinning and Weaving and to be called "The Southern India Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited," having a capital of Rs. 5,00,000 divided into 1,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, the leasehold and premises and all the property, moveable and immoveable, and the business, goodwill, assets and effects, rights and credits of the said Madras Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, upon their receiving in consideration for such transfer 300 fully paid up shares of Rs. 500 each in the said Southern India Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, for the purpose of being distributed amongst the shareholders of the said Madras Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, in proportion to the shares held by such shareholders, i. e., so that they shall receive one share of the Southern India Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, for every share of the Madras Spinning and Weaving Company Limited, held by them.

IV. That the aforesaid sale, assignment and transfer of the property of the said Madras Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, to the said Southern India Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, be made by the Liquidators on condition that the said Southern India Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, covenant and undertake to perform and fulfil all the agreements, contracts and obligations, and to pay and to discharge all the just debts and liabilities of the said Madras Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, the said Southern India Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, taking over the said Madras Spinning and Weaving Company's business, and being entitled to the profits thereof, and liable for the debts incidental thereto as from the first day of July 1880.

V. That the Liquidators be and they are hereby empowered to do all acts and to exercise all powers given to Liquidators by Sections 174 and 175 of the Indian Company's Act of 1866.

VI. That every power which may be exercised by the Liquidators jointly may be exercised by a majority of the Liquidators who may for the time being be present in Bombay, and if only one Liquidator be present in Bombay, then by him alone.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JEHANGHEER HORMUSJEE & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

TREACHER & Co.'s LIME-ADE.

A DELICIOUS Carbonated preparation of the MONTSERRAT LIME FRUIT JUICE, an antiscorbutic, blood-purifying drink of superior character, ranking, as a companion to our much admired Ginger Ale. It is cooling and refreshing at all times healthful and suited to the present season, and being of [illegible] and agreeable both as a medicinal agent and as a beverage.

Cash Rs. 1-8 per doz. (bottles extra).

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

Perfectly Safe and always Beneficial.

GEHRIG'S
ELECTRO-MOTOR TEETHING NECKLACES

are strongly recommended for all Children during the period of dentition. They have been successfully used in the Families of Their Royal Highnesses

THE CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY
THE PRINCE FREDERICK CHARLES OF PRUSSIA.
THE PRINCE GEORGE OF SAXONY.

Cash Re. 1-0. Credit Re. 1-2,
of the appointed Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, (Ld.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND AHMEDABAD.

RICH IN NITROGEN AND PHOSPHATES.

MELLIN'S FOOD
FOR
INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
A SOLUBLE EXTRACT OF CEREALS.
NON-FARINACEOUS.

WHEN dissolved in Cow's Milk and water it constitutes a PERFECT FOOD, capable of sustaining life and developing robust constitution.

	Cash.	Credit
Small Bottles	Re. 1- 0	1-2
Large Bottles	Re. 1-12	2-0

Fresh consignments at short intervals are imported,
DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER,
BY
TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 8 lines, Re 1-2 each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

WANTED, a PRINTS SALESMAN. Salary according to the experience and capabilities of the applicant. Apply "PRINTS," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

CARRIAGE WANTED—Light Second hand carriage, suitable for one horse. Apply to R., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

REQUIRED, a SUITE of ROOMS (4 and 2 Bath Rooms) furnished or unfurnished, facing the sea, with Cook Room and other out-offices. Apply by let

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 10.

LONDON telegrams of yesterday's date report no change in Consols or French Rentes which are quoted at 98⅛ and Fcs. 119 respectively. In Indian Government Securities an advance of ½ is reported in Four per cents, but Fours-and-a-half are still quoted at 85½.

In the General Produce markets Coffee and Cocoanut Oil are unchanged, Rapeseed keeps steady. Metals are as last quoted, viz.—Copper Tiles £70, Brasiers £65, and Hard Spelter £12 10 per ton, and Yellow Metal 5⅛d. per lb.

In Manchester the Piece Goods market yesterday was steady, and Cotton in Liverpool firm, at former rates; the day's sales amounted to 10,000 bales, of which 800 were Surats. Americans, to arrive, are 1 16d. per lb. dearer. From the better feeling ruling in Liverpool during the past few days it is evident that some doubts are entertained respecting the New American Crop; the prospects of which, when the last Mail left home, were brilliant, and estimates ranged between 5¼ and 6¼ million bales; it is probable that on the receipt of the Agricultural Bureau's Report next week, we shall find that these are now somewhat reduced. In New York, too, Mid. Uplands yesterday was quoted at 11 15-16 cents per lb, an advance of 1-16 on the previous day.

The receipts of Cotton at the U.S. ports compare with those of the past two seasons as follows, viz:—

	1880.	87.	1878.
Wednesday's Receipts.....	2,000	1,100	1 900
Five days' " ...	12,000	4,700	7 50 0
Total since 1st Sept	4,760,600	4,399,200	4,180,300

At the Weekly Biddings for Council Drafts on India yesterday the full amount of 35 lakhs was allotted to Calcutta, the minimum rate being 1s. 8¾d., tenders at which received 50 per cent. This is a higher rate than was generally looked for. Next week 35 lakhs are again to be offered.

Bar Silver in London yesterday was firm at 52 5-16d. per oz. according to private advices, although Reuter does not quote it above 52¼d. per oz. Shipments of the Metal to the extent of £60,000 are reported.

STERLING EXCHANGE opened here this morning firm at an advance of 1-32d. per rupee on our yesterday's quotations, and during the forenoon rates for Bank Paper hardened to the extent of a further 1-32d. per Rupee. There has been a fair amount of business done in Bank Bills, but no great quantities of Mercantile Paper has been offering. The rate at which Council Drafts were allotted in London yesterday was quite unexpected, and has naturally had a hardening effect on Exchange here, but the general feeling is certainly that we shall not see much further advance. We quote:—

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 8 5-32d.	per Rs.
Do. 3 months'sight ...	1s. 8 9-32d.	"
Credits 3 do.	...1s. 8 3⅝d.	"
Documents 3 do.	...1s. 8 13-32d.	"
Francs 3 do.	...2·15½	"

On Calcutta rates are unchanged at Rs. 100 3 16 for demand and Rs. 99½ for 60 days' sight bills.

GOVERNMENT PAPER keeps very firm with buyers at Rs. 102½ for Fours-and-a-half and Rs. 95½ for Fours.

SHARES.—Banks are steady but unchanged. In Spinning and Weaving Companies rates have generally a downward tendency. Bombay United have declined Rs. 5, Jewraz Balloo Rs.5, Khatao Mucconjee Rs. 10, Manockjee Petits, Morarjees, Sholapores, and Soonderdas Rs. 5, and Victorias Rs. 10. Orientals have advanced Rs. 5 and Coorlas Rs. 10 per share. In Press Companies, Alberts of Kurrachee have declined Rs. 5 and Fort Rs. 50 per share. In Miscellaneous shares Saw Mills have advanced Rs. 10 and Bombay Burma trading Rs. 5 per share.

COTTON.—There has been absolutely nothing doing here to-day, and prices are nominal at about our yesterday's quotations. The receipts from up-country yesterday were 9,200 bales. We quote:—

Good M. G. Broach.....	Rs. 241	per candy.
" Oomrawuttee.....	" 240	"
F. G. F. "	" 198	"
G. F. "	" 190	"
Good Dholleral	" 210	"
F. G. F. "	" 199	"
G. F. "	" 191	"

LINSEED is in active enquiry at Rs. 6-9 to Rs. 6-10 per cwt.

RAPESEED.—There is a good enquiry, but supplies of all but Gujerat are very scanty, and this is selling at Rs. 6-4 to Rs. 6-6 per cwt.

WHEAT is in abundant supply and moderate demand at Rs. 32 for White and Rs. 28 per candy for Red.

PIMENTOS.—The market is steady at 32s. 6d. per ton for Liverpool via Canal, but there has not been very much doing during the day. Continental rates are unchanged and Cape Freight are fairly steady at 41s. 3d. to 42s. 6d. per ton.

PIECE GOODS.—The market continues very quiet without change in rates.

Cotton are steady on the spot but with no fresh business reported to arrive.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE STEAMER JENETTA, 898 tons, Captain W. Geary, sail yesterday for Liverpool with a general cargo.

THE STEAMER PLAINTAIN, 1,359 tons, Captain G. Pearse, sailed yesterday for Marseilles with a general cargo.

THE STEAMER MANGERTON, 1,317 tons, Captain J. Clarke, sailed yesterday for Liverpool with a general cargo.

THE STEAMER AGIA SOFIA, 1,694 tons, Captain J. W. Biggs sailed yesterday for Genoa and Marseilles with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s STEAMER CHILKA, 1,497 tons Captain D. Campbell, will sail to-day for Rangoon with a general cargo.

EXTRA STEAMER FOR CHINA.—The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Avoca, 904 tons, Captain R G. Murray, will sail to-day for China with a general cargo.

THE STEAMER FITZROY 1 064 tons, Captain H. Gibb, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee (7th June) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Volkart Brothers.

THE SHIP LAKEFIELD, 986 tons, Captain J. Jones, arrived in harbour on the 9th instant from Rangoon (8th April) with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Wallace and Co.

THE SHIP CARTWALE, 1,198 tons, Captain A. Pope, arrived in harbour on the 9th instant from Newcastle (14th March) with a cargo of 1,732 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Wallace and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s STEAMER CHINSURA, 1,319 tons, Captain J. R. Gavin, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs. Jacob, Mr. F. D. Campbell, and 14 deck.

ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessels.	Commanders	From.
9	Lakefield	Jones	Rangoon, April 8.
	Cartvale	Newcastle.	March 14.
10	Fitzroy (s)	Gibb	Kurrachee, June 7.

DEPARTURES.

June.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
10	Seaforth	Hall	Bremerhaven.
	Jenetta (s)	Geary	Liverpool.
	Plaintain(s)	Pea se	Mars illes.
	Mangerton (s)	Clark	Liverpool.
	Agia Sofia (s)	Migas	Genoa and Marseilles.
	Chinsura(s)	Gavin	Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Avoca, Murray, to China.
Steamer Chilka, Campbell, to Rangoon.

CALCUTTA.

June. ARRIVALS.

6 Star of Russia.....Simpson .....London, March 7.
Rosedhu ..... Fleming .....Java, April 24.
Ebima .....Lever.....New York, Feb. 21

DEPARTURES.

June 6.—Steamer Medina, Devonshire, Almoras and Orion.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JUNE 10.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall s—200 boxes tin plates Edward, Bates and Co, 100 bundles shawls Lookmanjee Sultananjee, 4 packages lamps Varjee G nipal, 8 casks hardware Norbhoy Chundabhoy, 11 casks hardw re Asdoolla r Hasubhoy, 12 crates earthenware Jaffer Rahimtoola, 150 cases copper sheets Bevan, Ashley and Co.

Sidonian s— 40 casks china clay 3 cas s varnish and 1 case stationery, the New Prince of Wales S and W Co.

FROM LONDON.

Tantilus—531 boxes window glass Hasunally Lalljeeya,
Tahsan s—1 box gold bars [Rs 60,0-0], 114 boxes silver bars [Rs. 2,00,000] and 143 boxes silver coins [Rs 3,00,0-0], the National Bank.

FROM TRIESTE.

Castore s—156 cases writing and 35 bales printing papers Framjee Ardaseer Dawar and Son.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Rydal Hall s—100 cases pale brandy B and A Hormusjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Norna s—200 bales cotton L Singer and Co, 50 bales cotton Rajoomull Jairamdass, 10 bales cotton Killick, Nixon and Co,
Nebo s—253½ cwts wheat Morarjee Hurdass, 800 cwts wheat Carrimbhoy Hussinbhoy, 32 bales wool Cullianjee Oosseradass, 45 bales wool Jairam Sewjee, 16 bales wool Shewjee Premjee, 60 bales wool Samuimull Gallomull, 35 bales cotton Premjee W ljee, 100 bales cotton Hemraj Jumnadass, 504 cwts wheat Rusubally Allyruza, 50 bales wool Bunichund Fuckarchund, 80 bales wool Khimjee Luckmidass and Co, 205 bales cotton J C Bushby and Co, 40 bales wool Lallcobhoy Harrichund, 640 cwts wheat Lang, Moir and Co, 28 bales wool Doongeree Bya, 100 bales cotton Treecomjee Mooljee and Co.

India s—225 cwts cotr yarn Treecomdass Lowjee, 40 bales wool and 35 bales cotton Gordhundass Bhurwandass, 35 bales wool Govindjee Tulakchund, 2,000 cwts wheat Balli Broth rs, 475½ cwts wheat P Chrystal and Co.

Mangerton s—200 bales cotton Gaddum and Co,
Olivia—19 bales skins Lang, Moir and Co, 50 bales cotton Tulakchund Luckmichund, 21 bales cotton Peel, Cassels and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Terfot s—130 cwts cotr yarn Nanjee Govindjee, 225 cwts cotr yarn Bhanjee Purshotum and Co, 97 bales cotton Killick Nixon and Co, 6 bales hides and 5 cases peacock feather Bandally Sewjee.
Nimna s—14 cwts ivory Burjee Passanee, 5 bundles ivory C Callianjee.
Mary L Stone—260 bales cotton Leppiner and Co.

FOR CANARIS.

Smaythorp s—1,266½ cwts linseed Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Castore s—100 bales cotton Koe op and Co,
Zambesi s—300 bales cotton Geo Lockhart and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Agia Sofia s—300 bales cotton F Sanquet and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Castore s—200 bales cotton F Turati, 50 bales cotton Killick, Nix n and Co.
Zambesi s—50 bales cotton Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Zambesi s—9 bales silk E L Moolchund.

FOR HONGKONG.

Avoca s—125 cwts onions Husson Baban.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
BOMBAY, 9th June 1880.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·693
Temperature of the Air	86·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79·6
Dew Point.....	77·5
Relative humidity of Air	·760
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloud=ds)	3 6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m. ...	89·8
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.) ..	81·0
General Direction of Wind*	WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	394
Fall of Rain*	0 15
Total fall during month	4·35
" " " year	4·38

*From midnight to midnight.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 11.

[Before the Honourable the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE MELVILL.]

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

406—Macfarlane and G—Ibul ubai Bhugo-bhai and another vs Bomanjee Cursetjee Cama and others—Iyabjee and S.

407—Tobin and R—The L B and M Bank vs Mooljee Canjee and others—M M Munshi.

[Before the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

385-79—Chalk and W—Purmanundass Jewandass vs Kessowjee Naik—Hearn, Cand L—Part heard.
437-79—A F Turner—Hurry Bhanjee vs the New Colaba Company—Presc tt and W.
296-79—Tyabjee and S—Casseelal Mo thalal vs Hemraz Luckmidass and others—Jeffreson, B and D—for pauper.
56-79—Shapurjee and T—Khetsidass Samrathroy vs Sir A D Sassoon and others.
521-79—Chalk and W—Muncherjee Bejunjee Lalldawala vs Heerjeebhoy Cursetjee Ashburner and others—A F Turner.
339-79—Khanderao M—Mariambibee and others vs Abdoola bin Peerbux and others—J C Cama and in person.
840-79—J C Cama—Dinbai and others vs Pestonjee Ardaseer and others.
594-79—M M Munshi—Jansrdhun Gopal vs Narayen Govind and another.
378-79—Nanu and H—Sheereenbai vs Dossibai—Smith and F.
237-77—Prescot and W—Thucker Damodhur Madhowjee vs Thucker Purmanund as Jewandass—Macfarlane and G.
556-77—Macfarlane and G—Thucker Purmanundass Jewandass vs Thucker Damodhur Madhowjee—Prescot and W.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE WEST.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

465 79—Shamrao P—Hajee Noormahomed Hajee Joosub vs Hajee Mahomed Hajee Abba and others—H W Payne—Part heard.
154-80—H W Payne—Dadabhoy Nusserwanjee vs Dayal Nursey and others—J C Cama.
540-79—Chalk and W—Madhorao Dinanathjee vs Anundrao Dinanathjee and another—Hearn, Cand L, and S P.
494-79—Shapurjee and T—Motilal Hurgovandass vs Hemchund Futtehchund.
157-80—Rimington, H, C and B—Abdoola Abookhan vs Ameer Saheb Hajee Meya Kavel—Nanu and H.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT.]

For Investigation under Sec. 40s of Act X of 1877.

In person—Dadabhoy Jamsetjee Dolakhan and another vs Buchoobai—Khanderao M.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

443-79—Nanu and H—Sadasew Bhasker Joshi vs Dhakubai and others—Khanderao M and in person—Part heard.
379-79—Janardhun G—Keshorchund Champalal vs Madhowjee Viram—Jefferson, B and D.
668-79—In person [a pauper], Rudoonjee Edulji vs Jamsetjee Pershaw and another—M. H. Khan and in person.
711-79—Prescot and W—John Graham and others vs Cullian Govind—In person.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.—JUNE 10.

Brown, Captain, R A, from leave.
Latham, Major, R A, on leave, to Lanowli.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, June 10.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

With references to G G O No 59, dated 27th Jan 18 0, Surg D G Davies, R M Medl Establ, was allowed medical certificate for eight month from the date of his leaving India.

The following appointments are made:—

Captain H L Dundas, 2-15th Foot, to officiate as Depy Asst Qr Mr Gen'l, in succession to Captain [Brevet Major] F Karslake, 83rd Foot, appointed Offig Asst Qr Mr Genl of Divn.

Lieut-Col [Bt Col] A Carnegy, S C, [Comdt 21st N I,] to officiate on the Bgde Staff with the rank of Bgdr-Genl, vice Bgdr-Genl Little, proceeding to England on medical certificate.

The following reversions in the Order Dept are ordered, with effect from the 18th May 1880, consequent on the return from furlough to Europe of Comdr John Graham:—

Actg Comdr James Allen to revert to Sub-Comdr, and Actg Sub-Comdr William Henry Seeley to revert to Store Serjt.

The undermentioned Medical officers are brought on the strength of H M's British Forces in this Presidency from the 25th May 1880, the date of their arrival at Bombay:—

Army Medical Dept—Surgn-Major H C Gillespie, MD, and Surgn W B Slaughter.

The furlough to Europe granted by G G O No 546, dated 5th June 1879, to Lieut R L Elliot, 1st Bombay Lancers, was for eighteen months and not eight as therein notified.

The furlough to Europe for one year on medical certificate granted by G G O No 435 dated 31st May 1880, to Col A B Little, S C, Comdt 25th N I, is under rule 9 of the Furlough Regulations of 1868.

Passed Hospl Apprentice George Sterling, No 243, has been granted temporary rank as Actg A st Apothy, Second Class, from 18th March 1880, to the 15th April 1880, inclusive, during which period he held subordinate medical charge of a party of Invalids

With reference to G O No 153, dated 25th Feb 1878, Surgn R M Weall, M D, Boa Medl Estab', was in Nov 1879 granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of furlough for six months on medical certificate.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &C.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Major R T Malden, 1st Bind H rse, is appointed to act as Supt, Upper Sind Frontier, during the absence of Col Nuttall, or until further orders.

Asst Surgn R R Dadina is appointed to the medical charge of the Station at Sadra in the Mahi Kantha.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, to have effect from the 1st inst:—

Mr S J Harrison to be Substantive pro tem Asst Cant Mag, Poona and Kirkee.

Mr F Turner to be substantive pro tem Cant Mag at Deesa.

Mr S J Harrison is appointed to be a Magr of the First Class, under Sec 37 of Act X of 1872, within the limits of the Military Cantonments of Poona and Kirkee.

Mr F Turner is appointed to be a Magr of the First Class, under Sec 37 of Act X of 1872, within the limits of the Military Cantonment of Deesa

Under Sec 40 of Act X of 1872, the Right Hon the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr H E Winter, Magr of the First Class in the Dist of Nasik, to be Magr in charge of the Malegaon Divn of that Dist, comprising the Talukas of Malegaon, Nandgaon, Baglan, and Kalvan.

Messrs Nana Moroji and Dossabhoy Framji respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Presidency Magr, Bombay, on the 1st inst, before office hours.

Rao Saheb Gopal Amrit Dabir received charge of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Wai in the Satara Dist on the 28th ultimo, before office hours.

William Maitland, Esquire, Supt of the Common Jail of Bombay for the Civil Side, is allowed leave of absence for one month, with effect from the 23rd ultimo.

Under the provisions of Sec 4 of Act V of 1871 [The Prisoners Act, 1871], Captain W F Walshe is appointed to act as Supt of the Common Jail of Bombay for the Civil Side during the absence on leave of Mr Maitland.

Anant Bhaswantrao Lalbhai, Actg Head Karkun of the Peta Mahal Mahalkas in the Dist of Ahmedabad, is appointed to be a Magr of the Third Class in the Dist of Ahmedabad under Sec 37 of Act X of 1872.

Khan Bahadur Cursetji Manekji Cursetji resumed charge of the office of Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Ahmedabad, on the 1st inst, before office hours.

Messrs W Webb and C P Cooper respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Chief Presidency Magr, Bombay, on the 5th inst, in the forenoon.

Mr H M Gibbs, Actg first Asst Supt of Police, Khandesh, and Mr D H G Maclean have passed the Lower Standard Examination according to the test prescribed in Rule I of the Police Examination Rules of 30th June 1873.

Mr J W Walker delivered over charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge of Satara on the 31st ultimo, before office hours.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Messrs V N Pathak and V A Modak respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Head Master of the Surat High School on the 31st ultimo, before noon.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The appointment of Mr. Narayen Bhikaji to act as Third Class Asst Collr of Salt Revenue, notified at page 470 of the "Bombay Gazette," of the 20th ultimo, is cancelled, and he is directed to revert to his appointment of Huzur Depy Collr, Khandesh.

Mr W Fowler, Supernumerary Asst Collr of Salt Revenue, passed on the 22nd April last an examination according to the Lower Standard under Rules I to III of the Rules prescribed for the examination of the officers of the Salt Dept published in the "Bombay Govt Gazette," of 13th Aug 1874, pages 668 to 670

Messrs C Pogson and A Asst Collrs of Salt Revenue, and A J Collollo Inspr in the Sal Dept at Kalyan, passed on the 21st April last an examination according to the Higher Standard under Rules IV, and Mr Collollo also passed an examination according to the Higher Standard under Rules VII and VIII of the rules above quoted.

Rao Bahadur Pranshankar Raghunathji, late Daftardar to the Collr of Kaira, held the appointment of substantive pro tem. Depy Collr from 3rd Nov 1874 to 20th Sept 1875, and from 28th Sept 1875 to 6th Nov 1879.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &C.

Mr E J Moore, Exe Engr, third grade, Dhond and Manmad State Railway, is granted twelve months' furlough from 1st July next, or date of departure, under Secs 21 and 35 of Chap IV and VI of the Civil Leave Code, with the usual subsidiary leave.

With reference to P W Dept [Railway] Notification No 31 of 880, Mr W G Gibbons, Asst Locomotive Supt, is posted to the Holwar and Sindia-Neemuch State Railways He reported his arrival at Khandwa on the forenoon of the 13th May 1880.

Mr. Khanderao himmrao Belarkar assumed charge of the office of Depy Register, High Court, Appellate Side, on the 5th inst, after office hours.

The Hon the Chief Justice and Judges of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue a Sanad to Mr Shivram Subray Nagarkatti, authorising him to practise as a Pleader in the Courts of the Kanara Dist.

The Hon the Chief Justice and Judges of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue a Sanad to Mr Vasudeva Gopal Bhandarkar, LL.B, authorising him to practise as a Pleader in the Courts of the Thana Dist.

Mr J G White delivered over and Mr. Chunilal Venilal received charge of the office of First Asst Collr and Magr, First Class, Broach, on the 1st inst, before office hours.

Mr F S Goldsmid delivered over and Captain S Babington received charge of the office of Dist Supt of Police, Ahmednagar, on the 22nd ultimo, in the afternoon.

Messrs Balkrishna Babajee Nagnath and Narayen Bhikaji Jozlekar respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Honor Depy Collrs and First class Magr, Khandesh, on the 31st ultimo, in the forenoon.

Messrs C E Biddulph and C F G Lester respectively delivered over and received charge of the Office of Asst Pol Supt in charge Sir Desai of Savantvadi on the 31st May 1880, in the afternoon

Surg F C Barker, M D, and Mr N Krishnarao, First Class Magr, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Ratnagiri Dist Jail on the 24th ultimo, in the afternoon.

Lieut-Col F J T Ross and M F Gibbons respectively delivered over and received charge of the Kurrachee Dist Jail on the 15th ult mo, in the afternoon.

Messrs F Gibbons and W H F Bolton respectively delivered over and received charge of the Kurrachee Dist Jail on the 24th ultimo, in the forenoon.

Mr N Krishnarao, First Class Magr, and Surg H McCalaman, respectively delivered over and received charge of the Ratnagiri Dist Jail on the 28th ultimo, in the forenoon.

Mr J R Gibson, Depy Supt, Ratnagiri Revenue Survey, delivered over charge of the office of the Depy Supt, Ratnagiri Revenue Survey, to Mr W G Herriman, Asst Supt of that Survey, on the 24th ultimo, in the forenoon, and re ceded on the leave of absence, on medical certificate, for eighteen months granted him by Govt Resolution No 2251, of the 29th April last.

Mr W H Payne, Asst Collr of Customs, availed himself of the privilege leave granted to him by Govt in their Resolution No 1482, dated 10th March last, from the 1st of March to the 30th of April last, both days inclusive.

DR. G. LORIGIOLA,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, OBSTETRIC and OPTHALMOLOGIST, Forbes Street, adjoining Messrs. Rogers and Co., 1st Floor, RECEIVES PATIENTS from 10 to 12 a.m. and from 3 to 5 p.m.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are happy to announce that, in consequence of the continually increasing sale of Mr. MENIES'S CELEBRATED SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., for which they are appointed AGENTS, they are enabled to make a REDUCTION of TWENTY PER CENT. on the former prices, thereby placing these VALUABLE AIDS to DEFECTIVE VISION within reach of EVERY ONE.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY.

BYCULLA SCHOOLS.—Day scholars are received on payment of fees varying from Rs. 1 to Rs. 5 a month according to Standard. Half fees for 2nd and all other children of the same family; Standards 1—3 in the Boys' School, 1—5 in the Girls' School. Apply to the HEAD MASTER or LADY SUPERINTENDENT.
Byculla, 3rd Sept.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bulsar Station.

Agent: EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
Wine Merchant.

NOTICE.

ALL LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS intended for His Excellency the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY, which cannot be delivered in Mahableshwar by THURSDAY EVENING, the 10th inst., should be sent to Government House, Gunesh Khind, Poona, till further orders.

G. H. R. HART,
Private Secretary to H. E the Governor.
Bella Vista, Mahableshwar, 8th June 1880.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTH.

WILSON—June 6th, at Ootacamund, the wife of W. Wilson Madras C. S., of a son.

DEATH.

HAMMOND—June 4th, at Madras, Veterinary Surgeon Robert Hammond, of Suffolk, M.R.C.V., S.L. and M.V.M.A., aged 49 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1880.

MR. WEDDERBURN is known as an observant and conscientious officer. He has the advantage of a considerable and varied experience of different parts of this Presidency, and from his position as District Judge in a Deccan Collectorate, he naturally speaks with some authority upon the subject which of all others has unfortunately of late years attracted most attention to this Presidency, the unsatisfactory condition of the peasantry. While alluding to Mr. Wedderburn's proposals the other day we commended them to public attention, but declined to give an opinion about the practicability of the scheme until we had made further enquiries into the matter. Since then many letters upon the subject have appeared in our columns, some of them written by men who have a claim to our attention equal to Mr. Wedderburn's, but who dispute the accuracy of his conclusions. Pessimist views as to the condition of the Deccan peasantry have not, it is true, been held by any Government of Bombay, but it is no secret that such views are very strongly represented in the Secretary of State's Council at home, and that the consequence has sometimes been that proposals which were generally considered advisable here and which would readily have been sanctioned had they applied to any other part of India, have been strongly opposed at home. That the condition of the Deccan ryot is unsatisfactory, is a fact which cannot be denied, but which is, on the other hand, very often exaggerated. Any proposals raised with a view to the amelioration of the ryot's circumstances has a strong claim upon our attention, and most certainly deserves careful consideration when presented to us by a gentleman of Mr. Wedderburn's experience. On the other hand, it is equally necessary that new and plausible theories should be very carefully sifted, so that in this important matter we may not be thrown off the track of real improvement. We propose, therfore, to examine the views he has recently advocated in our columns at some length.

The first objection Mr. Wedderburn raises against the present revenue system is, that although he admits it to be well adapted to some districts, such as the "Dharwar cotton plain," he considers it to be "strangely unsuited" to the "speculative cultivation of the large zemindars in the Indus Valley," and to the circumstances of other districts. The "survey rules" have proved a very bed of Procrustes on which with many groanings the zemindar of Sind, the malgar of Canara and the khot of Ratnagherry have been stretched each in his turn. This charge against the present system appeared to show stupidity amounting almost to insanity on the part of the various officers who since the time of Wingate and Goldsmid have been in charge of the Settlement Department, and argued culpable negligence on the part of the various Governments in this country and at home who who have sanctioned such proceedings. We have been at some pains to ascertain how far Mr. Wedderburn's indictment is just. The Bombay Revenue Survey system is based on the old recognised right of the State to a share of the produce of each holding. To ascertain the value of an average crop in each individual case a detailed survey has been made and the value of the soil in each holding estimated. It is not to the principle, however, but to the supposed mode of operation pursued by the Settlement Department to which Mr. Wedderburn first takes exception He appears to be under the impression that the survey invariably values land of every description according to the depth and quality of soil. He instances irrigated land in Sind as an example of the folly of applying such a mode of assessment to all descriptions of agriculture. We are informed that this idea is based on an entire misconception of the manner in which land is actually valued, that no uniform rules exist, which are applied to the Deccan and Konkan, to dry crop land, irrigated land and garden land alike; neither could such rules be constructed. Each description of cultivation, each kind of soil, must be treated on its own merits, and all we can hope to do towards solving the difficult problem of estimating by survey the value of land is to ascertain by practical enquiry the elements upon which the fertility and profit of the soil depends and from this observation deduce a set of empirical rules which shall give an approximation to the relative value of different holdings cultivated under similar conditions. In the Deccan the chief factors determining the value of soil are the colour and the depth, up to a certain limit. In irrigated land of all kinds the depth is a matter of much less importance, the water supply being the most important item. In all land irrigated from tanks the phenomenon Mr. Wedderburn mentions as occurring in Sind is found on a small scale. The higher land often fails from drought, the lower from swamping, the medium being the best. The depth of the soil makes the most inconsiderable difference in the valuation of the "forest gardens of Canara." In some lands on the seashore the most important factor in the value of the holding is the completeness and ease with which the sea water can be kept off the land by artificial embankments. The soil in this case is generally sand of practically unlimited depth. Still, however, the depth must be tested to a few feet, because if a bed of sea shells, or hard pebbles, be found a few inches from the surface the yield of the land would be seriously interfered with. To this end holes are dug and the perfectly trifling labour expended in digging them appears to be a necessary operation if great occasional injustice is to be avoided. The result of the survey operations is checked by crop experiments and in every possible way, so that if a mistake is made it is soon discovered If this be the case, as we are informed that it is, it would appear that Mr. Wedderburn is very imperfectly informed about this part of the subject. No uniform "survey rules" exist. The "bed of Procrustes" is purely imaginary.

Mr. Wedderburn, having argued that the principles of the Revenue Survey are inapplicable to many parts of this Presidency, proceeds to urge that they are practically mischievous and unjust even in the Deccan, the scene of the first experiments, the practical success of which witnessed by those who had seen for themselves the former condition of the country, determined the general introduction of the system into the Presidency Mr. Wedderburn argues that it is unjust to require the ryot to pay annually a fixed rent in cash, when the amount and cash value of his produce varies within wide limits. He lays we think (as was well pointed out by one of our correspondents), too little stress on the fact, that the cash value per maund of his produce may be relied upon, in this country, to vary in inverse ratio to the crop. Prices go up in a bad year. Mr. Wedderburn's table showing the "financial statement of Bapoo bin Rama" must be looked at with this consideration in view. The result then shows that there is little reason to complain of the justice of the fixed payment. In bad and indifferent years the fixed proportion of produce is valued at the exact amount of the fixed payment, in good years the ryot would be off by worse five rupees, than he would be if called upon to pay the fixed proportion of the crop. He would hardly grumble at this, as in a prosperous year a large portion of the crop is stored in hopes of better prices. It is only when prices are prevented from rising by the importation of external produce, that there is any great inequality in the incidence of a fixed rent. The combined effects of American beef and corn, and a series of bad harvests unprecedented in history, have lately ruined hundreds of English farmers; but the pressure has not induced them to ask for a return to a custom of which they had practical experience in the old tithe system. In this country the cost of carriage is so great, that a rise in prices may be confidently looked for to reimburse the farmer for a short crop. Moreover, prices never fall again so rapidly as they rise, so that the farmer profits again in the next harvest when his crop is probably good. In case, indeed, of a total failure of crop, as sometimes occurs in famine, the Government demand comes hard upon the ryot, and such cases should certainly be met by more liberal remissions than were allowed after the late famine. Even in this case, however, the ryot is reimbursed to a considerable extent by the high prices extending over the next harvest. The chief argument in favour of the old native system of proportional grain assessments or "batai" has, we think, much less weight than Mr. Wedderburn considers. Still, were the system at all practicable the advantage is sufficiently real to make us expect to find it in more general use, even in advanced communities. The fact is, however, that prohibitory and insuperable objections are attached to it. To this side of the question Mr. Wedderburn has hardly alluded. Were the "batai" system practicable, it is evident that all the labour and expense which the Bombay Revenue Survey has cost the Presidency might have been saved. About fifty years have been occupied by able men in searching for data, by which the average value of each estate in the country may be ascertained. An assessment is then fixed for a term of thirty years. Mr. Wedderburn proposes to substitute for this settlement, prepared with so much care and deliberation,—but with the preparation of which he has nevertheless so much fault to find—an *annual* settlement based upon the varying results of the harvest, which can be estimated in no possible way and collected only by arming the subordinate tax gatherers with some of the most hateful and oppressive powers that human tyranny has ever devised, a system which offers a premium to every species of fraud, deceit and villainy; a settlement which will not bring the required amount into the treasury unless four or five times his real fair share is exacted from every individual who is too poor to bribe, too stupid to cheat, and too honest to swindle. The system of proportional grain payments only finds favour with Governments like Turkey and landlords like the khotes, because it enables the proprietor of the soil to wring from the wretched cultivators a larger proportion of the produce than would be possible by any other means. When "barter" is the customary mode of commerce taxes in kind are of course the only possible ones. The more general the use of coin as the ordinary medium for effecting exchanges becomes, the more convenient to both parties is it that it should also be the medium of taxation. This country has already arrived at that stage on the path of civilisation where a constant and certain market exists for agricultural produce. Capitalists exist who will readily exchange their rupees for his grain. The ryot is uneducated, he cannot read or write, but this operation presents no difficulty to his mind; and he will be anything but ready to give up his cash loan for a grain payment of ever so little greater value. Mr. Wedderburn anticipates a great extension of well irrigation if his proposals should be adopted, but we cannot see upon what grounds. At present if a ryot digs a well, the whole of the increased profit goes to him. The improved value of the estate is by law exempted from any increase of assessment. He has the same motive to improve his property that every other proprietor of land possesses, neither more nor less. The "magic of property" may exert its full influence upon him. Under Mr. Wedderburn's proposals he would have to give up some share, although a small one, of his profit to the State. Few people have an idea how limited is the extent of land in which well irrigation can be profitably carried on. Well irrigation only "pays" when the water strata are comparatively near the surface, so that if any one attempts to calculate "what this fund would amount to for the eight millions of cultivable acres in the four Deccan districts," they will have applied their labour to very little purpose. Even the Public Works Department, in their wildest moments, only talk of some day "protecting" a tithe of these acres. At present only about 1½ per cent. are under irrigation.

There is one other objection we must allude to in a grain assessment. Thousands of acres in this Presidency are assessed at only an anna or two per acre. Does Mr. Wedderburn think that the owners of these poor lands could afford to pay the same proportional share of the produce as the owners of good lands? The present assessment is fixed upon the *net* produce or profit after payment of expenses, not upon the *gross* crop. A proportional share of the produce would fall more lightly on the man who possessed valuable lands than upon those who, like the Deccan ryots, possess scanty dry crop fields. All these difficulties, however, are trifling as compared with the impossibility of collecting that annual unknown quantity x, the State's share of the harvest. Mr. Wedderburn sees this and proposes to get over the difficulty by a suggestion which appears to us even more questionable than any other of his proposals. But we must have the discussion of the proposals about farming the revenue and the creation of a class of zemindars for another day.

THE descent from Matheran to Narel seems to be attended with some peril. We hear of a landslip having occurred on the road, down which a pony was precipitated and killed while the rider fortunately managed to slip off and escape; and also that one of the *palkis* came to pieces on the way down. Those who have been bold enough to stay up on the hill have been rewarded by fine weather. Very little rain fell at Matheran on Tuesday and Wednesday, and there seems to be every prospect of a break."

A

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

UNSETTLED STATE OF THE GHAZNI COUNTRY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 10.

Alam Khan, Governor of Ghazni, is making arrangements for quieting Khurwar and Zurmut. The nephew of the Mustaufi has collected three thousand men at Haftasia, north of Ghazni, but he is badly off for provisions.

Rival factions are reported to be fighting in the Sarat district, near Ghazni.

As soon as General Baker's force left Maidan, the Bamian road was closed by robbers. The latter proved to be twenty-eight men retainers of Wali Mahomed. They were captured and will be punished.

News from Lughman is that supplies are scarce, but that the attitude of the people is friendly. When the Ut Kheyls have been punished for the raid on Jallalabad the troops will return at once, there being no intention of molesting the tribes off direct communication route.

AFFAIRS IN KOHISTAN.

Kohistan is still in an unsatisfactory state. The Safis, before entering Kohistan, marched to the banks of the Ranjaher river, trying to arouse the unruly tribes of that district. If the Safis create a disturbance in Kohistan a strong column will march to Charikar, which move would place us nearer Abdul Rahman.

MORE GHAZISM AT KANDAHAR.

A message from Kandahar, dated 9th, says two more Ghazi cases have occurred within the last few days. The first was committed by a child of eight, who stabbed a Hindu camp-follower in the stomach with a clasp knife. The second offender was a Zhob Kakar of sixteen, who inflicted a slight wound with a dagger on a soldier of the 66th, by whom and his comrade he was bayonetted and captured.

NEWS FROM HERAT.

Ayub's advance from Herat is creating much excitement, and he has many well-wishers among the population, but the majority of the people would be sorry for anything that may disturb the present state of affairs. Ibrahim Khan of Chakpsen and other powerful chiefs of Herat province have sent messengers to Wali proffering allegiance.

EXTENSIVE ROBBERY OF MILITARY STORES AT SECUNDERABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JUNE 10.

A wholesale robbery of Government gunpowder, &c., from the Royal Artillery magazine at Secunderabad has taken place. The case was specially put into the hands of Khan Bahadoor, Shamsoodeen Ali, Superintendent of the Secunderabad Police, who traced out some hundreds of bags of gunpowder, marked Royal Artillery, in the city of Hyderabad, in the possession of one Syed Chand, a pensioned trooper. Also three Government carbines and a quantity of cartridges were found with him. These stolen Government articles were given to the above individual by one Mr. Uiett for the purpose of sale. The accused were brought by the police before the magistrate, and their confessions recorded, in which it appears that one Sergeant-Major ..., of the H-F. Battery, extracted the articles from the Government stores.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE PRIVATE SECRETARY TO THE VICEROY.

LONDON, JUNE 10.

Lieut.-Colonel the Hon. E. Henry Primrose, Grenadier Guards, and Military Attaché to the Vienna Embassy, has been appointed Private Secretary to the Viceroy.

SIR RICHARD TEMPLE.

At the Oxford commemoration yesterday, Sir Richard Temple was one of the recipients of the honorary degree of Doctor of Civil Law.

SOUTH AFRICA.

A despatch of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, addressed to Sir George Colley, Governor of Natal, has just been issued, in which he is instructed to avoid extending British jurisdiction on the plea that it would involve entanglement in disputes between colonists and natives; he is also instructed to abstain from interference with the independent frontier tribes.

THE ASCOT GOLD CUP.

LONDON, JUNE 10.

The race for the Ascot Gold Cup was run today, with the following result:—

Asoomy	1
Clipendale	2
Zut	3

APPOINTMENTS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JUNE 9.

Kadir Pasha has been appointed President of the Council of Ministers, and Abeddin Pasha Minister of Foreign Affairs, with the rank of Visier.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

SUEZ, JUNE 10.

The Hall Line steamer Westow Hall left Suez for Bombay at 10 a. m. to-day.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats steady.

The London Cottton market has been dull.

Fair Dhollera	4 15-16
The Manchester market has been steady.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	79¼
4½ per cent. do.	85¼
3 per Cent. Consols for account	98¼
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	119
Bar Silver	52½

WEATHER REPORTS.—JUNE 10.

CANNANORE, 4-8 p. m.—Weather cloudy; wind N. W. rainy. Fall of rain 18 cents.

CARWAR, 5 p.m.—Weather fine, clouds gathering; wind W. S. W. 6 to 7; thermometer 86; barometer 29·850. Fall of rain 9 cents.

MANGALORE, 4 p. m.—Weather cloudy; wind E.; thermometer 81·5; barometer 29·86. Fall of rain 91 cents.

TUTICORIN, 3-10 p. m.—Weather fair; wind W.; thermometer 96; barometer 29·77.

VINGORLA, 5 p. m.—Weather rainy; wind S. W. light; thermometer 82. Fall of rain 53 cents.

CAPTAIN WALSHE has been again nominated for election by the Bench of Justices for the vacant seat on the Municipal Corporation. Dr. Cook, as we have said, does not this time dispute the seat, but Captain Walshe will not have a walk over, for Mr. W. M. Wood has been put in nominat on by his friends. The election is fixed for Wednesday next.

THE *Pioneer* has been mixing its Oliphants:—Mr. Lawrence Oliphant, who was formerly Private Secretary to Sir Salar Jung, and whose dismissal, at the instance of the Indian Government, was so much commented on, has been at Constantinople for some months past. He has been trying to get the consent of the Sublime Porte to a scheme for colonising a fertile district east of the Jordan.

THE *Bombay Government Gazette* contains certain rules for the examination of forest officers in the Presidency, in supersession of the rules published in 1874.

THE wheat shipped from ports in Sind, in the Bombay Presidency, to foreign external ports and foreign Indian ports during the month of April amounted to 23,196 cwts. of the value of Rs. 1,23,429.

THE season reports for the week ending 2nd instant show that the public health generally is good. There has been slight rain in most districts of the Presidency.

THE election of Mr. C. Douglas, of the firm of Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart and Co., as a member of the Port Trust is officially notified in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

COLONEL W. R. LAMBERT, of the Bombay Staff Corps, is permitted to retire from the service with ordinary pension, £456-5, and annuity £668-12, the date of retirement being 10th June 1880.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to us from Afghanistan:—"The 'Murrees' on the Harni road are very troublesome and uproot the rails. The construction of rail road has been very slow since the departure of Sir Richard Temple. To protect the railway stores from being plundered a cavalry guard is placed along the line night and day."

THE Government of India have recently issued a Resolution to the effect that, for the present and until further orders, all officers serving beyond the North-Western Frontier shall be allowed the privilege of remitting their salaries, either in whole or in part, by means of transfer receipts to be paid to any presidency town in India. The Comptroller General will issue the necessary instructions to the Treasury officers at Quetta, Peshawur, and Kohat, or any other Treasuries which may be established to the westward of those stations.

ON the Queen's birthday the troops at Kandahar, consisting of E-B R. H. A., C-2 and 5-11 R. A., 3rd (Q. O.) Light Cavalry, Poona Horse, Sind Horse, 2 7th Fusiliers and 66th Foot, and 1st, 19th and 30th Regiments N. I., paraded, and after firing a royal salute and *feu de joie* gave three cheers for Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress. After a march past the corps and batteries marched to quarters. The Wali, accompanied by Colonel St. John, Political Resident, was present.

IN the despatches with reference to the action at Charasiab on the 25th April, the following officers are reported as having done good service on the occasion:—Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Parker, commanding the 92nd Highlanders. Lieutenant-Colonel E. B. P. P. Campbell, commanding the Corps of Guides. Lieutenant-Colonel F. M. Armstrong, commanding the 45th Native Infantry. Lieutenant-Colonel G. Stewart, commanding the Cavalry of the Corps of Guides. Major G. S. White, commanding a wing of the 92nd Highlanders. Major G. Swinley, commanding No. 2 Mountain Battery. Major R. G. Kennedy, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General. Captain L. C. Singleton, 92nd Highlanders. Captain A. H. Turner, 2nd Punjab Infantry, Political Officer. Captain R. E. C. Jarvis, 67th Regiment, Brigade-Major. Captain A. D. M'Gregor, 92nd Highlanders, Orderly Officer. Captain W. Hill, commanding the detachment of the 2nd Goorkhas. Captain M. A. Alves, Royal Engineers. Lieutenant the Hon'ble J. S. Napier, 92nd Highlanders. Lieutenant J. H. Wodehouse, F-A, Royal Horse Artillery. Lieutenant S. Grant, Royal Engineers. Lieutenant F. F. Ramsay, 92nd Highlanders. Lieutenant C. H. Manners Smith, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General. Surgeon J. Lewtas, M. B., Corps of Guides. Surgeon J. J. Morris, M. D., 92nd Highlanders. Ressaldar-Major Gholam Nakshband Khan, late 19 h Bengal Lancers, Political Officer. Subadar Mahabir Bhist, 2nd Goorkhas. Subadar Sher Singh, Corps of Guides.

MAJOR GENERAL ROSS, in his despatch with reference to the action near Shekabad, on the 24th April, speaks in the highest terms of the able manner in which Lieutenant-Colonel Rowcroft carried out the attack. Lieutenant-Colonel Rowcroft mentions the following officers who accompanied him, and gave every assistance:—Captain the Hon'ble C Dutton, Assistant Quarter Master General; Captain A. Broadfoot, Hazara Mountain Battery; Major R. G. Woodthorpe, R.E. Survey Department; Captain J. W. Ridgeway, Political Officer; Major J. Hay, commanding the wing of the 4th Goorkhas; Captain C. M. Stockley, commanding the detachment of the 2 9th Foot; Second-Lieutenant J. L. Govan, 2 9th Foot, who shot down a Ghazi who had killed one of the Goorkhas; Lieutenant H. C. Schoach, R.A., Hazara Mountain Battery; Major G. W. Willock, commanding the troop of the 3rd Bengal Cavalry. Major Combe, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, who commanded the Shekabad party, is said in the despatch to be deserving of praise for the good judgment he displayed. He received valuable assistance from Captain P. H. Wallerstein, commanding the three companies of the 24th Punjab Native Infantry, and also from Lieutenant L. J. E. Bradshaw of the same corps, who led the advance company in the attack.

SOME of our contemporaries in distant parts are exercised by certain peculiarities in the correspondence of our local contemporary. Thus the *Madras Mail* says of the lucubrations which appear under one of the numerous aliases of "Yorick":—"the following paragraph, amusing in its 'cheek,' appears in the *Times of India's* home letter:—'As I was walking down Pall Mall this morning with Sir Seymour Fitzgerald we met a distinguished looking man, who stopped to speak to Sir Seymour. It was Sir Richard Temple. So then was I suddenly placed between two ex-Governors of Bombay. I ventured to mention to Sir Richard that I was writing to you by this mail, and asked him if he had any message to send to his late constituents. "Yes," said he with energy, "tell them that I think of them all with affection, and that I shall always remember with the utmost pleasure their great kindness to me, and the very delightful time I spent among them. You may add what I daresay they will not be sorry to hear, that I never was better in the whole course of my life." I give you the message in the words it was given to me, though I regret I cannot impart to them the evident heartiness and sincerity with which Sir Richard expressed them.' Colonel Nassau Lees, the proprietor of the *Times of India*, is believed to be the London correspondent of 'my editor.'"

THE *Indian Daily News* is possibly distressed by the pretensions of the Simla correspondent of the same sheet:—"The *Times of India* says that any rumour of Sir F. Haines's resignation must be received with caution. The Simla correspondent of our Bombay contemporary has telegraphed that "there seems to be no foundation for the rumour that the Commander-in-Chief has resigned, or is about to resign,' and then is added the following mysteriously-conceited remark:—'Our correspondent is much more likely to know the true state of the case than the *Pioneer*.' Save us! Who can the Simla correspondent of the *Times of India* be? Is it General Greaves, or can it be Sir Frederick Haines himself? Our contemporary should be more careful in his allusions to his correspondents."

THE fact is that "correspondence" of the affected, conceited, unreal sort inflicted on us by the Yoricks of to-day is but a survival of the dismal gossip of the London correspondents of the English provincial papers of some thirty years ago. The *Saturday Review*, in an article on "Our London Correspondent," thus describes the predecessor of the modern correspondent, who is usually a man of brains and influence:—"That the London Correspondent of twenty or thirty years ago belonged to 'a despised order of men' there can be no doubt. The late James Hannay summarily dismissed them as men 'who do for money what old women do for love,' whose function is 'to gossip and retail gossip at so much a column.' And the reproach is candidly allowed not to have been an unmerited one. It indicated fairly enough the kind of literary garbage or 'tawdry rubbish,' to adopt a phrase of Mr. Reid's (in *Macmillan's Magazine*)—wherewith the omniscient Correspondent of the *Little Pedlington Herald* periodically regaled his readers, who very often were quite content to accept for gospel whatever he was pleased to tell them. And he told a good deal:—

He could tell you the precise words in which Prince Albert had expressed his satisfaction on receiving a certain piece of intelligence; he knew that the Prince of Wales—then verging upon his tenth y ar—was already giving trouble in th- matter of cigars; he had the 1-t-jest of Lord Palmerst n, or the newest display of Lord John's jealousy, at the point of his pen; and as for the "secrets" of the clubs, he had such a mastery of them as must have filled club-men themselves with amazement. He "lounged"—that was his favorite phrase—from the Carlton to the Reform, and from the Reform onwards to the Athenæum or the United Service, apparently having the run of all those ugly establishments, and being on the terms of greatest familiarity with everybody in them. He was a "silent member" of the House of Commons, and favoured you with strange anecdotes of the smoking-room and the terrace; he was at home behind the scenes in all the theatres in London, and talked of the leading actors and actresses of the day by their Christian names; he was the bosom friend of this or the other great novelist, and furnished the world with remarkable particulars concerning the Oriental luxury in which his friend and patron lived.

As a matter of fact he was probably a gentleman who, in modern slang, was 'out of it' altogether." Alas, poor Yorick!

THE mixed commission at Goa presided over by Mr. Macdonald, C.S., to settle the claims of the proprietors of salt pans, who had declined to accept the figure offered by the British Government for the purchase of their salt, have closed their labours and awarded Rs. 90,000 per annum as compensation to the various proprietors of salt pans which are to remain closed.

WE learn that the differences of opinion which had lately arisen about Consular attestations have been definitely settled by the Portuguese Minister, sending out instructions to the Governor-General of Goa to notify to the heads of various departments in Goa that the Consular Regulations of 1851 are in force in Portugal and its colonies, and that they must, in future, be strictly observed and enforced in Portuguese territories. According to these Consular Regulations, all vessels sailing for Portuguese ports should carry bills of health, and no document of any kind executed in British territories can be considered valid in Portuguese territories unless they bear Consular attestation and seal. The Consular Code being in force in Portugal and its colonies the Rev. Father Castro, Governor of the Roman Catholic Missions in Bombay, was informed that his circular was unnecessary and might be revoked, which he has accordingly done, especially as the Consular Regulations have not the force of law in British India. Three memorials in favour of the Consul and in opposition to that adopted at the Gaiety Theatre by a section of the Goanese community have been sent to Lisbon: one by *bona fide* Portuguese subjects, another by owners of vessels trading between this port and Mozambique, and the third one by members of the Portuguese community subject to the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Goa. This last memorial has received the signatures of all clergymen, Justices of the Peace, Fellows of the University and Graduates of the Medical College belonging to the Portuguese community, who are, however, British subjects only from the fact of having been born in British India.

THE *Cochin Argus* went into very deep mourning on June 5th on account of the death of H. H. the Maharaja of Travancore.

DURING the month of April last the value of gold imported into India was Rs. 29,75,052, and of that exported Rs. 7,825, whilst the value of silver imported was Rs. 82,80,641, and of that exported Rs. 12 19,318. This leaves a balance of both metals in favour of imports of Rs. 1,00,28,550.

IN the month of April last the assay value of coins and bullion received at the Indian Mints was Rs. 43,07,385, of which Rs. 3,51,505 was received in Calcutta, and Rs. 39,55,880 in Bombay. The amount coined and examined during the month was Rs. 44,99,280, the whole of which was at the Bombay Mint.

IN an article upon the proposed permanent settlement of the Dekhan, the *Dnyanodaya* observes:—"Mr. Wedderburn, Judge of Ahmednagar, has lately addressed some spirited letters to the *Bombay Gazette* in which he advances uncommon views about the money-lenders, and advocates a flexible instead of a fixed land tax. We believe, nearly as strongly as Mr. Wedderburn, that the soukars have been, as a whole, a misunderstood and needlessly abused class. There is no doubt that their chief and one aim is making money and that they often are inclined to be hard-hearted even to unfortunate and helpless debtors, and that they usually charge high rates of interest, and that some of them cheat and take advantage of the ignorance of their creditors. But there are exceptions, and the present writer's experience makes him believe that they are as honest a class as there is in the community, taking honest to mean a fair keeping of agreements. Even his position as a missionary, which has led him to know of many complaints being made by poor people against soukars, has brought to notice more cases where debtors have tried to cheat money-lenders, than cases in which the money-lenders tried to cheat their debtors. We know Mr. Wedderburn to be a sincere and painstaking friend of this people, and we trust that his letters and the thought awakened by them may in some way promote the well fare of the at present ill favoured agricultural classes." The article is signed "R. A. Hume."

THE *Madras Mail* writes as follows with reference to Colonel Gordon's opinion as to Lord Ripon's influence in Indian society:—So far as Simla is concerned there is a good deal of room for the introduction of a "higher and purer tone." Lord Lytton has not set an ennobling example, and it is only because Anglo-Indian journalists do not like dealing in scandal that they do not put into type what is on everybody's tongue. A better tone has been needed at head quarters for three or four years. But as we want no parade of personal piety we consider Colonel Gordon is greatly to blame for having forced on public notice a circumstance in the new Viceroy's private life that if as we believe his Lordship is sincerely religious, he could not wish the Colonel or any other person to mention. His Excellency's devotions are presumably conducted "with closed doors," and Colonel Gordon has no business to wrench them open in order to show the Viceroy on his knees. The Colonel says that he "cannot leave the country without regret." The regret is not mutual. The "single minded honest gentleman" has had a narrow escape, and India can only regret that a gallant and generous soldier has made a painful exhibition of himself.

IT is stated in news received at Berlin from St. Petersburg that the confirmation of the sentence passed upon Chung How by the Chinese Government has decided Russia to recall her Charge d'Affaires from Pekin, and to place her subjects in China under the protection of the United States of America.

AT Tiflis some Jews from Koutais have been put on trial charged with using Christian blood in their Passover ceremonies, and with killing a little girl for that purpose. After a six hours' trial, the judges acquitted them. The public prosecutor, feeling the absurdity of the charge, declined to deliver the usual speech for the prosecution.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Times* urges that if modern languages are to be substituted for Greek at the Cambridge University, Russian should be amongst the optional ones. He quotes Bismarck's opinion that, as a mental training and intellectual test, the Russian language surpasses the Greek, and is incontestably more practical. Bismarck is not a classical scholar, but he has a good eye for practical advantages, and he knows Russian.

A PUBLIC meeting was held at Derby to consider the retirement of Mr. Plimsoll from the representation of the borough. The hon. gentleman stated that on hearing that Sir William Harcourt had been defeated at Oxford it occurred to him that Sir William could do more for seamen in a single session than he himself could do in twenty years, and therefore he proposed to resign, giving at considerable length other reasons for taking this course, and earnestly advocating the Home Secretary's return free of expense. A resolution was adopted, regretfully accepting Mr. Plimsoll's resignation, and inviting Sir William to come forward as a candidate.

"IMPROPER LANGUAGE" is in general use in the streets of Aberdeen as well as in those of Bombay. Says the *Daily Telegraph*:—A deputation of the Presbytery—the ecclesiastical court armed with those powers which in England are vested in the Bishop of a diocese—has waited on the Lord Provost and magistrates to call their attention to the prevalence of profane swearing and other improper language in the streets of the Granite City. Why, they asked, did not the civic fathers interfere, and, availing themselves of a Police Act, put down the evil? No clear answer was given, except that the Provost said the sooner energetic action was taken the better. His lordship added that he "could concur in everything that was said about the notoriously bad character Aberdeen had in regard to indecent conduct and profane swearing in the streets. He had never heard boys and girls in other towns use such language." One gentleman observed soothingly that "the old were just as bad as the young," and another almost repeated word for word the Lord Provost's dismal indictment of his youthful subjects.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre, Dave Carson's Troup, 9 p. m.
Band, Marine Battalion, Apollo Bunder, this evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 9th inst:—Lakefield, from Rangoon; Cartvale, Newcastle. Yesterday—Fitsroy (s), from Kurrachee.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Seaforth, to Bremerhaven; Zanetta (s), and Maugerton, (s), Liverpool; Plantain (s). Marseilles; Agia Sofia (s), Genoa and Marseilles; Chinsura (s), Coast and Calcutta.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamships Drumduff and Teviot were hauled out of the Prince's Dock on Wednesday last and the S. S. Chinsura entered the dock on the same day.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT.—Bachoo Mukka, Dooga Lalla, Hurry Rama, and Heera Govind, were yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of being drunk and disorderly in a public place on the 9th instant, and were sentenced each to one day's imprisonment.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.—Gunshamdas Govindass was yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of criminal breach of trust in respect of two diamond *pudurs*, valued Rs. 150, the property of Kisandas Goverdhundas. He was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Dama Rowjee, Odajee Tanjee, Mahommed Dodda, Dhundas Rama, and Sobha Ettao, were yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of torturing bullocks on the 10th instant, and were fined respectively Rs. 1-8, Re. 1, and the last was sentenced to be imprisoned for one day.

ASSAULTS.—Peera Jooss was yesterday sentenced by Mr. C. P. Cooper to three months' rigorous imprisonment for assaulting Lowah Wasta.—Syed Mahomed Moonick and three others were yesterday adjudged guilty by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of assaulting Bagurthee, woman, at Mahim. They were fined Rs. 15 each.

GAMBLERS.—Dinanath Eshwunt and four others were yesterday charged, at the instance of Mr. Inspector Mahon, before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, with being found gaming in a common gaming house at Kassur Gully. They were all convicted. Prisoner No. 1 was fined Rs. 10 and the remainder were fined Rs. 5 each.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.—Two lads, named Abdool Kureem and Rama Dewjee, were yesterday each sentenced to receive ten stripes with a rattan by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, the former for stealing a purse containing Rs. 5 in cash and a gold article, valued Rs. 4, belonging to Nensee Ganjee; and the other for stealing an iron weight, valued Rs. 2, the property of Messrs. Framjee, Narayen and Co.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 31st ult. was Rs. 52,39,672, add silver received during the week Rs. 1,61,725. The sum of Rs. 11,00,019 in new coin was paid during the week; the balance left was Rs. 43,01,378. There is in addition silver bullion valued at Rs. 14,25,717 belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults and awaiting assay.

ALLEGED THEFT.—Kanjee Jeewah, residing on the first floor of a house situated in Borah Bazaar Street, Fort, reported to the police on Wednesday last of the theft of sundry gold ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 481, alleged to have been committed on the night previous while complainant was asleep on the ground floor of a house opposite his own, and his wife on that night slept in her sister's house. Police enquiries are in progress.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The following is the programme of music to be played by the band of H. M.'s Marine Battalion at the Apollo Bunder this evening:—

March.....
Overture.....Tilus.....Mozart.
Quadrille.....Barbe Bleue.....Sausean.
Selection.....Gerusalemme.....Verdi.
Valse.....Mein Schoner Tax in Berlin..Gung'l.
Galop.....Berlin.....Michaelis.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

DEATH IN A DRUNKEN SCUFFLE.—The adjourned inquest into the circumstances connected with the death of the Mastrasee woman, named Arricum, who died suddenly while engaged in a drunken squabble with three others of her caste people on the Frere Road, Fort, on Monday last, was resumed yesterday when the jurors, upon the evidence adduced, returned the following verdict:—"That the death of the deceased was caused by rupture of the spleen by over exertion during a scuffle."

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.—The house of Adam Ally, situated in Butcher Street, was broken into on Wednesday night, and a quantity of embroidered cloth called *kinkob*, cash and currency notes of the aggregate value of Rs. 803 were stolen. The thief appears to have effected an entrance into the building from a sweepers gully by removing the bars of a window that was facing the gully by means of implements used for house-breaking. The matter has been placed in the hands of the detectives.

A CORRECTION.—One portion of a letter printed in our yesterday's issue was, through some errors of printing, made almost unintelligible. What Mr. Squire's wife was O. "H!" "Would it not be well if Mr. Wordsworth did with you as the Cockneys do with *their* h's, and suppressed you altogether? I will content myself with adding that I believe all really candid minds acquainted with the facts of the case will admit that Mr. Squire's statement, on which "H!" commented so ungenerously, was moderate and truthful, and perfectly legitimate."

ACCIDENT.—Whilst Mr. Edward Charpie, watchmaker, Meadow Street, Fort, was riding in Rotten Row at about half-past 6 o'clock on Wednesday evening, his pony bolted with him, and in attempting to jump over the railing on the west side of the Row, near Church Gate Station, the pony fell and threw its rider on to the hard road. Mr. Superintendent Crummy, who witnessed the accident, had Mr. Charpie removed at once to the European General Hospital, as he had sustained a severe wound over the left eye, which bled profusely. His left knee was also very much bruised.

A SUSPICIOUS CASE.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Breach Candy Road on view of the body of a Hindoo woman, named Luximee, who died somewhat suddenly on the evening previous. The body was identified and the medical evidence went to show that death was caused by a poisonous dose of opium, but under what circumstances the opium was administered to the deceased, and by whom, there was no evidence as yet to say. Consequently a *post mortem* examination of the body was ordered by the Coroner, and the inquest was adjourned for farther enquiry to the 1st proximo.

MAKING A FALSE DECLARATION.—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court Ramjee Mahadoo was convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee on two separate charges of dishonestly making a false declaration in a Court of Justice with intent to injure and annoy Balcrishna Vithul and Shunker Chimanjee by endeavouring to obtain from the said two parties by means of a distress warrant larger sums of money for house rent than what was actually due to him. He was fined Rs. 30 on each charge, or in default two months' rigorous imprisonment in each case.

BREACH OF THE LICENCE ACT.—Mahomet Ali Esajee, of Mutton Rowe, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of having 15 cases kerosine oil on his premises in excess of what his licence entitled him to have. His licence was forfeited and a fine of Rs. 10 imposed. Several persons for selling kerosine without a licence were sentenced by Mr. Nana Morojee to pay a fine of four annas each.—Rama Narayan for carrying passengers in his boat without a licence from the Master Attendant on the 9th inst. was sentenced yesterday by Mr. Nana Morojee to pay a fine of Rs. 15.

MORTUARY RETURNS.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 8th inst., was 404, being 3 more than in the previous week, 22 more than the total of the week ending 10th June, 1879, and 70 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 311 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population per annum was 30·58. There were 151 deaths from remittent fever, being 10 more than in the previous week, and 44 more than in the same period last year. There was 1 death from cholera last week, while there was none in the week previous. The deaths from diseases to the respiratory system, diarrhœa and dysentery were last week 17, 7 and 20 respectively, as compared with 34, 15 and 22 last year. The following remark is appended by the Health Officer to his return:—"As there is no allowance made for the increase of population, natural and extraordinary, during recent years, the percentages of mortality are unreliable."

THE MONSOON.

WEATHER REPORTS.

SIMLA, June 4.—The barometer has risen in the south of the Peninsula, and slightly also in the Central Provinces, Bombay, the lower part of the North-Western Provinces, Lower Bengal and Burmah, and fallen in Northern Bengal and Behar. This last change is due to the cyclonic depression noticed in the reports of the last three days having moved northwards. It is such as are found occasionally during the rains, and it is not improbable that the reports from Cuttack and Hazaribagh, which announce the setting in of the monsoon, are correct. There is heavy rain over Lower Bengal, in Assam, and Arakan, and slight rain at Patna. In the North-Western Provinces there is a little cloud at Allahabad, Benares, and Agra. But the higher stations and those in the Punjab have clear skies and high temperatures. The wind still easterly. In the Central Provinces the weather is sultry; skies partially cloudy. In Bombay, Gusserat, and Sind the winds are freshening from south-west and south-south-west. At Bombay the sky is overcast, but the monsoon is not yet reported. The Goa report has not been received; but at Cochin the monsoon appears to be blowing and bringing heavy showers daily.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

June.	Colaba. In.	Cts.	Fort. In.	Cts.	Byculla. In.	Cts.
Previously registered ...	4	23	4	50	3	70
9 Wednesday ...	0	15	...		.....	
10 Thursday ...	.....		0	0	0	0
Total ...	4	38	4	50	3	70

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort and Byculla are made up to 6 p. m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

THE following is the Opium Revenue to date compared with the estimate for the year 1880-81:—

LATEST MONTH.

	Presidency. Bengal. Rs.	Bombay. Rs.	TOTAL. Rs.
Estimate ...	50,67,500	23,42,000	74,09,500
Actual ...	62,81,640	19,27,760	81,89,400
Better than Estimate ...	12,14,140	...	7,79,900
Worse than Estimate ...	...	8,14,240	...

THREE SALES OF BENGAL OPIUM AND 2 MONTH'S PASS DUTY ON OPIUM EXPORTED FROM BOMBAY.

	Presidency. Bengal. Rs.	Bombay. Rs.	TOTAL. Rs.
Estimate ...	1,61,67,500	45,42,000	1,97,09,500
Actual ...	1,93,81,045	23,27,709	2,17,78,745
Better than Estimate ...	42,33,545	...	21,19,245
Worse than Estimate ...	...	21,14,300	...

THE ANNUAL INSPECTION OF H. M.'S 24TH. (KING'S OWN) REGIMENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Commander-in-Chief, Lieutenant-General Warre, completed the annual inspection of H. M.'s 24th Regiment, stationed at Wanowrie, on Tuesday evening. Last Monday morning, the 7th instant, the battalion paraded at 5 a.m., each man being served with ten rounds of blank ammunition. The men were put through file and volley firing, drill by company officers, &c. At 10 o'clock His Excellency inspected the books in the orderly room, the barrack rooms, and kits. At 5-30 p. m. the battalion paraded in marching order, when General Warre inspected the field kits. The following day, Tuesday, the 8th instant, the battalion again paraded at 6 a.m. Twenty men were selected for file firing at range (ball ammunition); the B and H Oompanies were placed on outpost duty, and the F. Company at shelter trench drill; the remainder of the companies had their examination in school. At 4-40 p.m., the battalion paraded in review order, when the Commander-in-Chief and a number of officers were present. The number of spectators on the occasion was large. The men marched past in column, next in quarter column with trailed arms, and after that in double time. On the whole, the drilling of H. M.'s 24th (King's Own) Regiment was remarkably good. They were put through their manual and firing exercises by Captain Knox, and the bayonet exercises by Captain Lawrence. The annual inspection of the regiment was brought to a close by the battalion advancing in review order in column, and the "present arms" being completed, His Excellency addressed the officers of the regiment, saying that he was extremely well pleased with the battalion, the steadiness of the men, and their excellent drill, and remarking at the same time the great difference in the appearance of the men now and when they landed at Bombay. His Excellency also dwelt upon their services in the field, and referred to the cleanliness of the barracks, the average goodness of the kits laid out, the absence of crime in the regiment, and the very favourable reports he had had of the battalion since their stay in Poona. General Warre particularly remarked on the good behaviour of the men in the ranks. The observations and remarks made by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief were conveyed to the men by their commanding officer.

NATIVE OPINION ON THE PROPOSED PERMANENT SETTLEMENT FOR THE DECCAN.

A CORRESPONDENT sends us the following from Poona:—The natives of the Deccan are glad to hear that increasing attention has been directed to their present deplorable condition, and that some stimulus has been imparted to the reconsideration of a better revenue system than the one recently adopted and passed into law. It is from the soil that the natives derive their subsistence, and Government their revenue; and it is the proportion of the product of the soil which goes to these two participants that indicates the prosperity of the cultivator. Much has been said against Mr. Wedderburn's proposed permanent settlement for the Deccan, but it is not my intention to support either Mr. Wedderburn or his opposers as regards their views of the question, but simply to reiterate what the natives say in the city of Poona. As matters stand now, there can be no question, that the right of the ryot is invariably destroyed, and he leads a wretched and precarious existence; he lives all his days on grain and goes covered with a slight cotton cloth; the demands on him are endless, and this prevents the creation of capital, and prolongs the usurious moneylending system. In many instances the earnings of the ryot are not sufficient to provide for his wife and family, even in ordinary seasons. It is an ordinary circumstance for a ryot to fast for days and nights from literal want of food. His ability to better his degraded position, is increased by his mental abasement. He is made the victim of oppression by the soukar, and unprotected, harrassed, and oppressed, his mind is veiled in a thick gloom of ignorance. Such is the sad condition of the ryot, and the natives in the city of Poona say that it is the condemnation of Government. Mr. Gunnesh Wassoodew Joshi, who gave his evidence before the Famine Commission on the 10th of February, 1879, said:—"The chief reason of the indebtedness of the ryot is that the Government Assessment is levied in money instead of in kind, and as the fields yield only corn and other grain, the ryot is obliged to get the money from the soukar by disposing of his corn in order to satisfy the demands of Government. Formerly the Government assessment was collected in four instalments, but this was discontinued and now it is levied in two instalments, and these instalments too fall due when the crops are standing or are on the threshing yard; at this moment the ryot is obliged to seek assistance from the soukar or borrow money from him by promising to sell his crops at the cheapest rate according to the wishes of the soukar; thus the whole of his produce is applied towards the payment of Government assessment only. Where the assessment is doubled or raised four times, the produce of the field does not cover the amount of the assessment, and therefore the ryot is obliged to borrow money to make up the deficiency. Formerly the ryot had a free use of forest produce and firewood, but now under the forest laws he is prevented from doing so, and thus he has no advantage of the forest. The ryot cannot now make money by hiring his carts in consequence of the railways having been opened; and if he makes up his mind to follow the profession of a common labourer, there is not so much demand for labour, and again he is obliged to leave his house and go abroad in search of labour, and owing to the prices being high he cannot save any money for the support of his old parents, wife and children, and thus they are left helpless at home. In this manner the ryot is reduced to poverty. The best remedy that I can suggest for this is that Government should levy assessment in kind to one-sixth of the whole surplus after defraying the expenses of the produce of the field according to the custom of the country and according to the Hindu law as laid down in the institutes of Menu. It is true that Government will find it difficult to sell off the corn obtained as assessment and they should appoint farmers under the Regulation XVII of 1827 and from such farmers they should take money." Again, the recent legislative enactments have interfered perniciously with the prospects of the ryot, for it has been said that formerly documents were renewed every twelve years, whereas now they are renewed every third year. The consequence is that the debt now assumes four new forms during a period of twelve years, and each time fresh interest runs on the amount made up of the original principal and interest with reference to the popular debt as in British India. It has been further said that the revenue officers are interested in supporting the present administration of the Land Revenue, and, therefore, it is no matter of wonderment that they should write unfavourably of Mr. Wedderburn's proposed scheme. If Mr. Wedderburn's suggestions are acted upon, the ryot would feel that his property is really his own and he would do all he could to improve it; but the assessment is variable, and is entirely dependent on the discretion of certain Revenue, Survey, and Settlement officers, who by dealing hardly with the ryot and increasing the assessment, expect to be eulogized by Government. When Sir Charles Wood was in charge of the India Office, the Government of India was frequently directed to give a permanent settlement, but owing to the animosity and jealousy on the part of some of the Indian revenue officers, that order was ignored, and the agriculturalists fell into a state of despondency and hopelessness. The natives in Poona say that there is another reason why the revenue officers are so much against Mr. Wedderburn's proposed permanent settlement, and that is, that if the assessment was levied in kind, the present system thoroughly changed, and Mr. Wedderburn's proposals adopted, there would be no necessity for their remaining in the service any longer; there would be

eaten away, and then creating vast reservoirs, restoring and refilling old channels, and spreading fertility over all the low-lying places in the Nubian and Libyan desert.

Of course many of these projects, of which I have mentioned the most sensible, are only fit to amuse the sanguine imaginations of enthusiastic engineers. But some of those I mention are sure to be carried out, and all are good proof of a revival of confidence in Egypt as a field for investment where a decent government and a good system of justice secure to foreigners the fruit of their labours. The Egyptian Government pursues a cautious policy as regards this movement. While it encourages the introduction of capital, it holds to the view which Ismail Pasha and the great founder of the dynasty, Mahemet Ali, himself held very strongly, that the establishment of powerful European corporations in the country may lead to political troubles of a character too grave to be compensated by any immediate financial advantage. This policy may be modified by the recent decision of the International Court of Appeal, which held that foreigners holding land in Egypt are bound to pay all taxes and charges on their lands. Even if, as is probable, the largest proposals are rejected on very intelligible grounds of public policy, all the other plans will be encouraged, and Egypt may certainly look forward to that increased prosperity which abundant capital always creates.

This prudence of the present Government has already nipped in the bud an undertaking which would have certainly led to interesting archæological discoveries, even if it did not enrich its promoters. The Ministers have refused to grant to Captain Burton, the great traveller, a concession of land in Midian, in order to work the mines of gold and silver which he recently discovered in that ancient Biblical land. Our compatriot has taken the refusal very hardly and has printed and circulated the correspondence on the subject. Captain Burton's demands seem moderate enough. The land of Midian extends from Akaba to Wady Hams, lat. 29 30 to lat. 25 45, and of this he only asks 20 miles from north to south in one district, and 40 miles in another, in each case going eastward over the narrow strip of Egyptian territory to the Turkish boundary. Considerations of public policy were the grounds of refusal, and one of the letters shows these considerations to have been, first, a risk of collision with Turkey; secondly, a fear of hindrance to the annual pilgrim caravans; and thirdly, the possibility of harm coming to the miners, and consequent trouble with European Powers. After combating all these reasons without success, Captain Burton ends with a request to be at any rate repaid the expenses which he incurred during his two expeditions and for the elaborate analysis of his specimens, for all of which, he says, he had the written authority of the late Khedive. It seems a sorry ending to a most interesting discovery."

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1st CLASS TEAK SQUARES.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th INSTANT, at 4 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Tank Bunder.

EX. S. S. CHILKA.

180 Superior 1st class teak squares in small lots to suit purchasers.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on MONDAY next, the 14th instant, at 3 P.M.:—

The effects of the late Mr. G. D. Henry comprising:—
1 quadrant by Hughes with two telescopes in case.
1 sextant in case.
1 optical instrument by Negnetti and Zambra with tripod stand.
1 breech-loading central-fire revolver in case by Lincoln and Jaffaries.
Travelling tea pot in case, 1 Clarke's patent pyramid fold warmer, tiffin baskets, tin despatches boxes, and sundries.
The effects of the late Mr. George Taylor, C.E.
1 box of chart papers and sundries.
The effects of the late Kosal Hoosein Mohideen—chest of drawers, trunk, and copper and brass pots.

ON TUESDAY, the 22nd instant, and the following days, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Jackeria Mundil, without the Fort, the whole of the stock-in-trade of Messrs Jamsetjee and Co., Provision Merchants. Full particulars will be given hereafter.

On WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 80, Arthur Road, Tardeo, near the police chowkey, the valuable and handsome beach ld furniture, plated glass, and porcelain wares, a mahogany square pianoforte by Collard and Collard, and the property of a gentleman proceeding to England. Full particulars will be given hereafter.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
1 Westley Richard's Carbine, barrel by Wilsworth.
1 Single barrelled breach loading Rifle, by Westley Richard.
1 D. B. B. L. F. F Gun, by George Smith.
1 Saider Rifle by Greener.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 11th June, 1880.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

SALE OF BHOWNUGGER COTTON.
...RIDAY, the 11th instant, at 11-30 a.m., Messrs. ... will sell by Public Auction in the Fort ... COMPO, on ROOMS ... THE OF MESSRS. ... and Co.
... good Bhownugger Cotton.

... of Furniture and Fittings of the Viceroy's ... on board the s.s. "Ancona" in the P. & O. Company's Dockyard, Mazagon.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 11th instant, at 3 p.m., at the P. and O. Company's Office, Mazagon Dockyard.

A quantity of furniture and fittings of the Viceroy's State Apartments on board the "Ancona."

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 11th June, 1880.

NOTICES.

SILVER CREAM.

FOR plating articles of Brass or Copper without the aid of a Battery and for Silvering Harness mountings, &c., as well as for cleaning all kinds of silver and plated articles.

This preparation is guaranteed not to contain the slightest trace of mercury, and from the simplicity of its application supersedes anything of the kind ever before introduced, it being only necessary to rub it over the article (copper or brass) with a piece of rag or the fingers and polish with a chamois leather in order to produce a coating of pure silver.

As this cream deposits a coating of pure Metallic silver, articles of that metal cleaned with it increase in weight and value in proportion to the amount of coating received

Price Re 1-2 and Re 2-4 per bottle, packing 4 As.

Requittances made in post ge stamps should carry One Anna extra per Rupee to cover discount.

Remittance with Order,
SOLD FOR THE MANUFACTURERS BY
HOWARD & Co.
Who re the Sole Agents.
(3) The "Exchange," Barrackpore, E. B. Railway.

NOTICE.

LIEUT. COLONEL GILBERT NICHOLETTS, DECEASED.

PURSUANT to Act XXVIII. of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, entitled "The Trustees' and Mortgagees' Powers Act 1866, NOTICE is hereby given, that ALL PERSONS being CREDITORS or otherwise having any CLAIMS upon or against the ESTATE of GILBERT NICHOLETTS, formerly of South Petherton, in the County of Somerset, but late Lieutenant Colonel Commanding the 2nd Belooch Regiment, deceased, who died at Kokeran, near Kandahar, in Afghanistan, on the 18th day of July, 1879, and LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION of whose Property and Credits (with the Exemplification of the Probate of the Last Will and Testament annexed) were GRANTED on the 22nd day of May, 1880, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to ALEXANDER CARNEGY, Colonel Commandant 31 t Regiment Native Infantry, Bombay Staff Corps, are required on or before FRIDAY, the 2nd July, 1880, to SEND to the undersigned at their office in Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay, the PARTICULARS of their CLAIMS upon or against the estate of the said deceased, At the expiration of such time the Administrator will hand over the whole of the ASSETS of the said deceased to MARY ANNA NICOLETTS, widow and sole Executrix named in the Last Will and Testament of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which the said Administrator shall then have notice. ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the deceased's Estate, or having property of his in their hands are hereby required to PAY their DEBTS or hand over such PROPERTY to the said Administrator.—Dated this 28th day of May 1880,

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN,
Solicitors, Bombay.

J. NEUBERG,
INDIAN CIGAR FACTORY.

NEW STOCK, NEW STOCK
OF
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,
(MANUFACTURED OF
TRICHINOPOLY TOBACCO.
NEW CROP, NEW CROP.

CHEROOTS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
THOMPSON'S PRIME.....	Rs. 22 0	Rs. 2 8
Do. No. 1	„ 19 0	„ 2 2
DAWSON'S PRIME.....	„ 20 0	„ 2 4
Do. No. 1	„ 18 0	„ 2 0
NONPAREIL...	„ 15 0	„ 1 12

CIGARS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
REGALIAS	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 3 0
FAVORITAS.....	„ 22 0	„ 2 8
PRINCIPES.....	„ 20 0	„ 2 4

DINDIGUL TOBACCO.
CHEROOTS

	Per 1,000	Per 100
No. 1.....	Rs. 27 0	Rs. 3 4
No. 2.....	„ 22 0	„ 2 8
No. 3.....	„ 18 0	„ 2 0

CIGARS.

	Per 1 000	Per 100
LONDRES.....	Rs. 24 0	Rs. 2 10
CONCHAS	„ 20 0	„ 2 4

NOVELTY!!!
NEUBERG'S LATEST NOVELTY.
JAVA CIGARS.

	Per 1,000	Per Box of 100
FLOR DE JAVA, "COQUETAS"	Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do. "TABUCOS"	„ 35	„ 4 0
Do. "ROYALS"	„ 40	„ 4 0

Samples Forwarded on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS,
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
London Office, 52, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL PAID UP—£1,500,000.
BOMBAY AGENCY.

DEPOSITS of not less than Rs. 500 are received for fixed periods bearing interest at rates which may be ascertained on application.

No interest is allowed on Current Deposit Account.

BILLS are bought and sold on England, Scotland, Ireland, Paris, and on the Branches and Agencies of the Corporation at Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Mauritius, Port Elizabeth, Melbourne, Sydney, and New Zealand.

Circular Notes are also issued for the use of Travellers negotiable in all towns of importance throughout the world.

The Corporation effect the purchase and sale of Government Paper, Stocks, Shares, &c., on account of constituents, and undertake the safe custody of the same, drawing the interest and dividends as they fall due.

Office Hours from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. Saturdays from 10 to 1.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE: 65, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

MONEY REMITTED,
At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and
On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
„ SCOTLAND, | „ PARIS,
and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.

If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.

CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.

CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of, Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.

INTEREST.

On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 100,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal
Interest will be allowed .....at 5 p. ct. per annum.
Do. 6 do. do. do. 4 do.

All letters should be addressed, and Hoondies made payable, to the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

REG. MURRAY,
Bombay Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposit and allows Interest thereon as follows:—

Deposits subject to 6 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 per cent.			
Do.	do.	12	do. „

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

Bombay, 1st December 1877.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.

RESERVE FUND—£190,000.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

BOMBAY,	PENANG.	HONGKONG.
CALCUTTA.	SINGAPORE.	MANILA.
AKYAB.	BATAVIA.	SHANGHAI.
RANGOON.	SOURABAYA.	HANKOW.

THE BANK'S AGENCY IN BOMBAY

GRANTS DRAFTS ON ITS HEAD OFFICE, LONDON BANKERS, FRANCE AND GERMANY, AS WELL AS ON THE OTHER AGENCIES AND BRANCHES;

NEGOTIATES, AND RECEIVES FOR COLLECTION, BILLS OF EXCHANGE; EFFECTS REMITTANCES IN THE BANK'S OWN DRAFTS, WITHOUT CHARGE FOR COMMISSION AND CONDUCTS ALL KINDS OF GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

INTEREST.

On Current Deposit Accounts interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly Balances, up to Rs. One Lac, but no interest allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS OF MONEY

ARE RECEIVED AT CALL OR TERMS WHICH MAY BE LEARNED ON APPLICATION, AND FOR FIXED PERIODS AS FOLLOWS:—

6 months' notice		4 per cent. per annum.	
12	„	 5	„ „

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

THOMAS FORREST, Agent.

NOTICES.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India, to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Private Bondsmen.

The Security of the Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officers under Government and Public Companies.

Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.

Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.

Premiums periodically reduced.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B, 41 PILLS,

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 2s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,

APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbidges and Co., Coleman Street London.
Newberry and Sons, 37 Newgate Street, London.
Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon Street, London.
Sanger and Sons, Oxford Street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY,
Smith, Stanistreet and Co.; Bathgate and Co., Calcutta.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
Treacher and Co., Bolton and Co.

AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY,
Barrie Co., De Rozario and Co.; Spencer and Mascarine and Co.

AGENT FOR RANGOON.
The Rangoon Medical Hall.

MADRAS GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A FULL REPORT on the Company's LAND has now been PREPARED by Mr. JOHN HARRIS, Mining Engineer. Copies can be had on application to

MESSRS. ARBUTHNOT & Co.,
Madras.

GOLD MINING IN THE MYSORE TERRITORY.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

MESSRS. ARBUTHNOT & Co. have been authorised by the Concessionaires [from the Government of Mysore] of certain land in the well known gold-producing district of Kolar and which is known to contain auriferous quartz in very large quantities, to form a Company for the working of a square mile, or 640 acres, of such land which they are prepared to allot on certain conditions. The land referred to is close to the block known as the "Ooregum Block" and the same reefs as are now being worked by the Ooregum Company run through it. The Concessionaires have agreed to transfer all their right, title, and interest in the 640 acres referred to for 5 lakhs of rupees, half to be paid in cash and half in fully paid up shares. The title to the land is, Messrs. Barclay and Morgan advise, unexceptionable, and the terms asked are only slightly higher than those that have been paid by companies in England to work portions of the Ooregum Block. No further payment of any kind, beyond the five lakhs of rupees is to be made to any one.

The proposal is to form a company with a capital of 10 lakhs of Rupees, to acquire and work a square mile of mining land. It is believed that a Company with this capital ought to be able to develop all the resources of the land handed over.

The shares are to be of the value of Ten Rupees each, and the name of the Company, The MADRAS GOLD MINING COMPANY [LIMITED]. The Company's Registered Office will be in Madras, but it is not unlikely that a considerable portion of its capital will be raised in London where similar enterprises are meeting with great favour, The Company will have a Madras Board of Directors, and it is proposed that Messrs Arbuthnot and Co. should be the Secretaries and Treasurers.

This preliminary notice is issued in order that it may be ascertained with what degree of favour a Company of the kind is likely to meet with at the hands of the Indian public, and so that it may be decided how many of the 70,000 shares still available for the public [5,000 having already been privately taken up] should be reserved for local investors and how many for allotment to London.

Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. will be glad to receive applications for shares in the annexed form and up to 31st May, unless before that date the shares are fully applied for; and should the Company not be formed, the deposit of One Rupee per share will be returned without any deductions.

Madras, 10th April 1880.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

Messrs. ARBUTHNOT & Co., Madras.

On behalf of the Madras Gold Mining Co (Limited).

Having paid to the Bankers [yourselves] of the above Company the sum of Rupees.....being a deposit of One Rupee per share on.....shares of Rupees Ten each in the said Company, I request you will allot me that number, and I hereby agree to accept the said shares or any smaller number that may be allotted to me, and to become a Member of the Company in respect thereof; and I hereby authorise you to place my name upon the Register of Members for the shares so allotted.

Name in full .....
Address .....
Profession if any .....
Usual signature .....

Date.....188

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

COMBINING EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT WITH THE BEST MATERIAL AND WORK.

DISCOUNT.—Two Annas in the Rupee for Ready-Money.

	Rs. a.
HOAR & Co.'s OXFORD CLOTH SHIRTS, the original set in Six make, in a variety of new Designs	26 8
HOAR & Co.'s FRENCH CAMBRIC SHIRTS, a splendid assortment of this year's Designs, Fast Color.	30 0
HOAR & Co.'s WHITE SHIRTS, Fine Long Cloth, with Cambric Fronts	22 0
HOAR & Co.'s WHITE SHIRTS, BEST LONG CLOTH, with Fine Linen Fronts and Cuffs	26 0
HOAR & Co.'s DRESS SHIRTS, Extra Fine Long Cloth, with Best Irish Linen Fronts and Cuffs ..	31 0
HOAR & Co.'s WHITE SHIRTS, WITH COLLARS ATTACHED, Fine Long Cloth and Best Linen Fronts, &c.	31 0
HOAR & Co.'s WHITE SHIRTS, WITH COLLARS Six attached, Extra Fine Long Cloth & Irish Linen Fronts, &c	34 0
HOAR & Co.'s TROPICAL FLANNEL SHIRTS, a new Shrinkless Material, very thin and comfortable	46 0
HOAR & Co.'s PURE FLANNEL SHIRTS, the Best quality made, Plain Colors or Fancy Checks and Stripes, thoroughly shrunk.....	52 0
HOAR & Co.'s SILK AND WOOL SHIRTS, a thin Texture in equal quantities of Silk and Wool, very cool and non-irritating	58 0
HOAR & Co.'s CRICKETING SHIRTS, made of the best White Saxony Flannel, with Collars attached	58 0
HOAR & Co.'s SPUN SILK SHIRTS, Plain White or Fancy Stripes, in a variety of Designs	70 0

Patterns, with our Illustrated Catalogue, and improved Self-Measurement System, on application.

HOAR & CO., BOMBAY.

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE
FOR
TRAVELLERS AND OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

THORPE AND COMPANY

EVERY requisite ready for use, for a journey by Sea or Land, on business or pleasure, at a moment's notice.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Overland Suits.....	Rs. 20 to 28 0	Dogskin Gloves	per pair 2 8	Money Belts	2 8
Sleeping do	„ 5 to 16 0	Do. Driving	„ 3 4	Sovereign Boxes	2 8
Ulsters, Warm	„ 36 to 45 0	French Braces	Each 1 13	Carpet Bags	4 8
Loose Black Alpaca Coat.....	10 0	Boys do.	„ 1 8	Courier Bags	4 8
Cardigan Jackets	Rs. 10 to 12 8	Cambric Handkerchiefs	per doz. 4 0	Gladstone Bags.....	28 0
Cotton Socks	per doz. 3 8	Best Linen Collars	„ 5 8	Square Mouth Bags Hide	20 0
Merino Socks Best	„ 20 0	Do. do. Cuffs	„ 10 8	Best Overland Trunks.....	23 0
Gauze Undervests.....	per ½ doz. 12 0	Washing Ties	per doz. 4 8	Railway Portmanteaus	20 0
Warm Undervest.....	Each 5 0	Pin Sleeves	„ 0 12	Solid Leather „	65 0
Warm Pants	„ 5 0	Knot Scarves	„ 1 12	Solid Leather Dressing Cases..30 to 45	0
White Cashmere Mufflers ...	„ 3 0	Paper Collars	„ 0 10	Military Hair Brushes, Pair in Leather Case	10 8
Oxford Shirts	„ 5 0	Elastic Belts	Each 2	Collar Boxes.....	Rs. 3 to 4 0
White do	„ 4 4	Bridal Leather	Pair 2 0	Pomatum Bottle	1 4
Best Flannel	„ 8 0	Eau de Cologne	Bottle 0 12	Hair Brushes.....	Each 3 8
Warm Gloves	per pair 1 4	Atkinson White Rose	„ 2 8	Razors	„ 2 8
Kid Gloves Lined.....	„ 3 8	Soiled Linen Bags.....	„ 4 8	Shaving Brushes	„ 2 8
White Sun Umbrellas.....	„ 3 8	Uniform Cases	„ 20 0	Do Soap	„ 0 8
Silk Umbrellas, good quality ...	„ 10 8	Waterpr of Coats from	„ 10 8	Tooth Brushes	„ 0 8
Ladies' do do	„ 10 8	Cholera Belts	„ 2 8	Tooth Paste Pot.....	„ 1 4
Fitted Morocco Bags	Rs. 40 to 45 0	Chairs without Arms	„ 5 8	Nail Brushes	„ 12 as 8
Tiffin Baskets	„ 25 8	With do.	„ 7 8	Bath Sponges.....	„ 1 8
Canteens, fitted complete	40 0	Arms and Leg Rests	„ 9 8	Sponge Bags	„ 1 8
Solid Leather Hat Cases.....	25 0	Cotton Pillows	„ 1 8	Marine Soap, 4 Cakes	„ 1 0
Tea Canvas Portmanteaus	„ 32 0	Leather Purses	„ 2 0	Shaving do. Stick "Pears"	„ 1 8
Rezais or Quilts	„ 5 0	Do Wallets.....	„ 1 12	Lloyd's Extracts	„ 1 8
French Kid Gloves.....	per pair 2 8	Bank Note Holders	„ 1 12	Oriental Tooth Paste	„ 1 8
White Doe Gloves	„ 3 8	Pocket Books.....	„ 4 0	Fragant Florilline.....	„ 1 8
				Cambric Handkerchiefs ..6-3 to	13 8
				Luggage Lables, per doz.....	0 12
				Hat Guards.....	0 8
				Ladies' Overland Chairs from.....	6 8
				Gents „ „ „	9 8

THORPE AND COMPANY,
CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW AND HUMMUM STREETS, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
BY LAND OR SEA.

BADHAM, PILE & CO.

Beg to Draw the attention of Travellers and others to their
CELEBRATED TRAVELLING KIT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

THE PRICES QUOTED BELOW ARE FOR CASH ONLY.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.		R. as.
Deck Suits.....	16 to 17 8	Long Rugs or Scotch Mauds..10 to	35 0	Sailors' Knots.....	2 12
Overland Suits.....	27 0	Rezais or Quilts	4-8 to 6 8	Windsor Scarfs for Bow or Ring	2-8 to 4 0
Warm Suits	30 to 40 0	Ladies' Long Wool Shawls, from ..	22 0	Gents' Canvas Shoes.....	4-8 to 6 0
Overcoats and Ulsters from ...35 to	55 0	Portmanteaus or Overland Trunks	12-8 to 23 0	Gents' Slippers	2-8 to 4 0
Dressing Gowns from.....10 to	20 0	Solid Leather Do.	„ 40 0	China Bath Slippers.....	1 0
Pyjamas	4 8	Black Hide Bags	„ 11 8	Filters for Travellers covered Wicker, from	14 0
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	5 0	Gladstone Bags	„ 35 0	Pocket Filters	3 8
White Shirts	5 0	Ladies' Hand Bags.....	„ 7 8	Air-tight Uniform Cases.....	23 0
French Cambric do., Collar attached	5 0	Writing Cases, fitted.....	„ 11 4	Sponge Bags	from 1 8
Best Flannel Shirts.....	8 8	Gents' Bags, fitted	„ 72 0	Sponges.....	„ 3 8
Silk and Wool do.	8 8	Ladies' Bags, fitted.....	„ 56 8	Soap Boxes	1-0 to 1 8
Spun Silk do.	11 0	Gents' Dressing Cases.....	„ 11 8	Smelling Salts, per bottle.....	2 0
Ge ts' Under Vests .....2-8 to	6 0	Rolled Linen Bags, all sizes.....5 to	8 0	Aromatic Vinegar.....	0 12
Bathing Drawers from	2 0	Courier Bags	8-8 to 12 8	Tooth Brush Guards	0 12
Gents' Under Pants	4 to 8 0	Money Belts.....	2-8 to 6 8	Do. Brushes.....	0 12
Silk Suspenders	2 8	Sovereign Boxes.....	2-8 to 4 0	Nail do.	1 0
Gents' Cotton Socks from.....	2 8	Tiffin Baskets fitted.....	16 to 22 8	Hair Brushes and Combs in Pigskin case .....10-8 to	12 8
Warm do.	15 8	Air Pillows, Cotton.....	6 0	Ivory Toilet Sets.....	8 8
Ladies' Under Vests.....4-8 to	6 8	Travelling do.....	2 0	Do. Strops	3-8 to 4 8
Ladies' White Cotton Hose.....do. to	2 0	Saddle Bags.....	7 8	Nail Scissors	1-8 to 2 8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose .. „	9 0	English Horse Hair Pillows	7 8	Briar Root Pipes.....	1-8 to 3 8
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose from .....per pair	2 0	Cork Mattresses	21 8	Tobacco Pouches	1 8
Children's White Cotton Socks from.....per doz.	5-8 to 12 8	Rug Straps	1-8 to 2 8	Pocket Knives	1-8 to 3 8
Children's Heather Merino & Plain Colours .....doz.	5-8 to 12 8	Waterproof Coats.....	10 0	Marine Soap, 3 cakes for	1 0
Ladies' Sun & Travelling Hats, from .....5 to	15 0	60-inch Drab Twill Waterproof Sheeting	6 8	Shaving do. Stick "Pears"	1 8
Gents' Travelling Caps	4 8	42-inch White do.	4 8	Lloyd's Extracts	1 8
Gents' Travelling Hats.....	4 to 8 0	Ladies' Sun Cloaks doz..	As. 12 to 0 14	Oriental Tooth Paste	1 8
Cardigan Jackets.....	9-8 to 12 8	Linen-faced Cuffs „ „	„ 1 8	Fragant Florilline.....	1 8
Sheets, per pair.....	9 0	Linen Collars.....	„ 8 8	Cambric Handkerchiefs ..6-3 to	13 8
Blankets, each	10 8	Warm Gloves.....	1-8 to 2 8	Luggage Lables, per doz.....	0 12
		Mitts	1 8	Hat Guards.....	0 8
		Mufflers	2 12	Ladies' Overland Chairs from.....	6 8
		Pin Scarfs	2 8	Gents „ „ „	9 8

BADHAM, PILE & CO.,
HOSIERS, HATTERS, SHIRT-MAKERS,
TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

THE ONLY PLACE IN THE PRESIDENCY WHERE YOU CAN PROCURE WHATEVER YOU MAY REQUIRE,

AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

IS AT THE

CASH BAZAAR,

ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD,

CRAWFORD MARKET.

THE SILVER SPRING SNAKE BANGLE BRACELET.

THE peculiarity of this Bracelet is that it has no joint or snap; it is placed on the arm with a spiral movement.

They are Manufactured of Sterling Silver, frosted, and are considered very fashionable.

SKETCHES ON APPLICATION.

Six Coils Rs. 26 and 24; Five Coils Rs. 22 and 20.

Four Coils Rs. 20, 17, 16 and 15; Three Coils Rs. 15, 12 and 11.

Two Coils Rs. 12, 10, 9 and 8; One Coil Rs. 8, 6 and 5.

HAMILTON & COMPANY,
JEWELLERS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
Next to National Bank.
May 31st, 1880.

ENTIRE IRON FRAMED PIANOS.
THE ONLY RELIABLE FOR INDIA.
See Illustrated Priced Catalogue.
SOUNDY AND COMPANY, MUSIC SALOONS, BOMBAY.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"Is a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c.*

"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."

Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label.

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

INVALUABLE FOR INDIA, ON ACCOUNT OF ITS KEEPING GOOD IN THE HOTTEST CLIMATES, AND FOR ALL LENGTH OF TIME.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., LIMITED, 43, Mark Lane, London, England.

MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER.

STOCKINGETTE,
FOR JERSEY COSTUMES.

POMPADOUR SATEEN.
POMPADOUR FLANNEL.
POMPADOUR FOULARD.
POMPADOUR VELVET.
POMPADOUR SUNSHADES.

BLACK SILK GLOVES.....Rs. 2-0 per pair.
COLOURED SILK GLOVES ..... „ 1-8 per pair.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

FRASER AND MILLER,
CARNAC IRON WORKS,
PRINCE'S DOCK, BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

ENGINEERS, Boilermakers, Iron and Brass Founders, Shipwrights and Smiths. Importers of Machinery, Engineers' and Railway Stores.

All classes of work executed entirely under European supervision.

Estimates and Plans prepared for every description of work on shortest notice.

New and Second-hand Portable, Stationary and Steam Launch Engines, Steam and Hand Cranes, Boilers, Pumps, Boats and Machinery for Sale.

Bar Angle, Tee, Sheet and Plate Iron, Galvanized and Zinc Sheet, and all descriptions of Metals supplied at lowest Market prices.

[FIFTH ANNUAL PUBLICATION.]

NOW READY.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1880.

Printed and Published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

The Publication for 1880 contains
BEAUTIFULLY EXECUTED LITHOGRAPHS
OF THE
PRINCIPAL PUBLIC BUILDINGS
IN
BOMBAY,
THE CAVES OF ELEPHANTA,
THE QUEEN'S AND PRINCE OF WALES'S STATUE, &c.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; WITH POSTAGE, Rs. 5-4; ENGLISH PRICE—Ten Shillings.

The "GUIDE" contains an increased amount of local and general information, corrected to the latest practicable date; while the whole contents of the work are carefully revised and re-arranged, and made as correct and trustworthy as possible.

NOTICES.

INDIA TO ENGLAND by THE LEVANT AND THE DANUBE. Re-printed from the *Bombay Gazette*,
PRICE—ONE RUPEE.
May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office and from Messrs. Thacker & Co.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U.S.A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY for